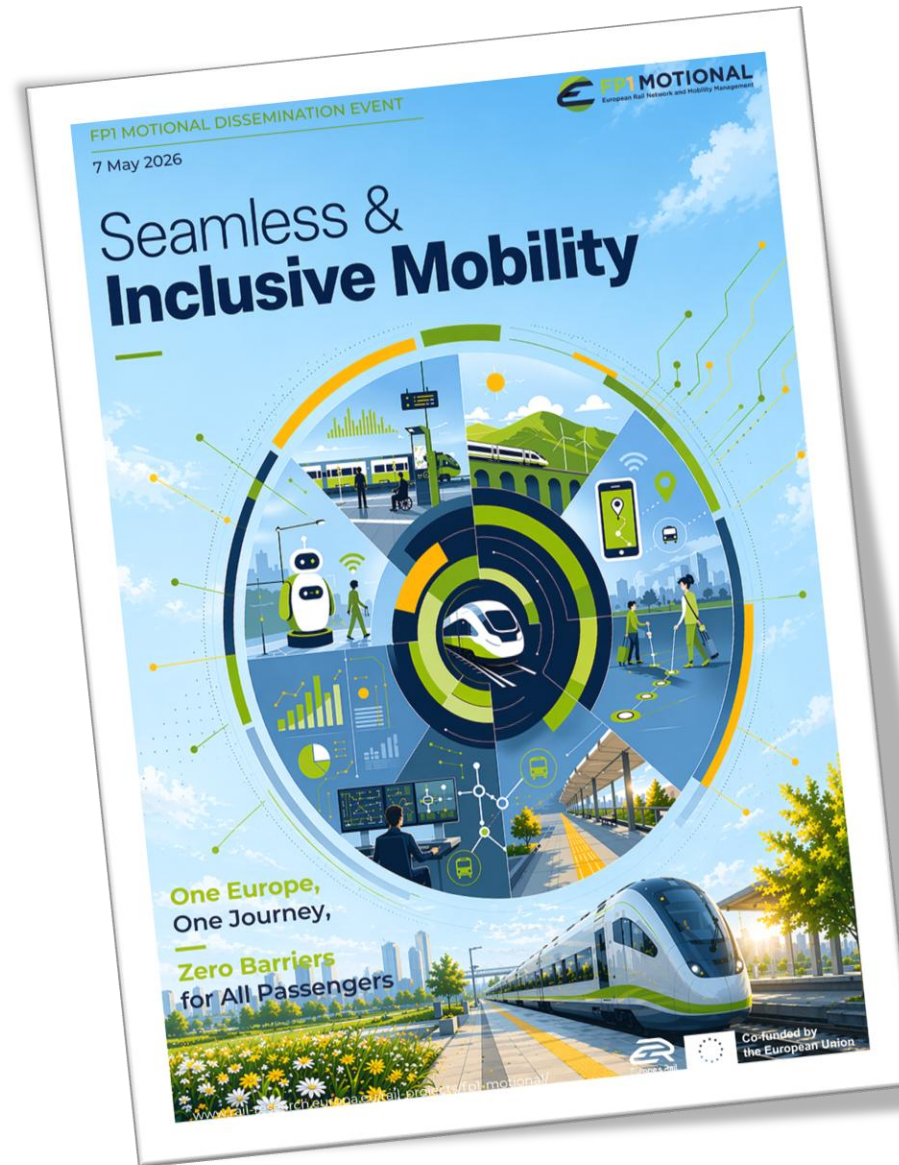




# Agenda

Start	Duration	Description	Who
10:00-10:10	10 min	<b>Welcome and opening remarks</b>	<b>ADIF:</b> Mariano Martínez Lleido
10:10-10:20	10 min	<b>Opening remarks from ADIF &amp; RENFE</b>	Representatives of ADIF & RENFE
10:20-10:35	15 min	<b>Storyline presentation</b> "A Seamless Rail Journey: Connecting Travellers and Operators" (video showcase)	<b>HACON:</b> Marco Ferreira <b>RENFE:</b> Victoria Guryn
10:35-11:12	37 min	<b>Demonstrations Showcase: Spain</b>	<b>INDRA:</b> Enrique Jiménez <b>ADIF FM:</b> Victoria Guryn <b>ETRA:</b> Elena García
	7 min	<b>Q&amp;A (Spain demonstrations)</b>	
11:12-11:45	33 min	<b>Demonstrations Showcase: Luxembourg, Germany, Sweden</b>	<b>HACON:</b> Marco Ferreira <b>SJ:</b> Elin Beijer <b>DB:</b> Christopher Schubert
	7 min	<b>Q&amp;A (Luxembourg, Germany &amp; Sweden demonstrations)</b>	
11:45-12:15	30 min	<b>Coffee break</b>	
12:15-12:50	35 min	<b>Demonstrations Showcase: Paris, Amsterdam, Munich, Italy</b>	<b>Hitachi GTS:</b> Nihad Bahri <b>Hitachi GTS:</b> Nicolas Germain <b>Hitachi STS:</b> Yasmin Andalib & Pietro Calcagno
	9 min	<b>Q&amp;A (Paris, Amsterdam, Munich &amp; Italy demonstrations)</b>	
12:50-13:50	60 min	<b>Lunch break</b>	
13:50-14:50	60 min	<b>Roundtable discussion</b> Challenges, lessons learned, collaboration opportunities and EU added value	<b>Moderator:</b> Yasmin Andalib <b>Panellists:</b> Nesrine Chatelkhir; Almudena Alcaide Raya; Carlos Miranda
14:50-15:00	10 min	<b>Closing remarks</b>	Mariano Martínez Lleido

Magazine includes use cases part of the demonstration showcase presentations.



Flagship Area 1:

Network management planning and control & Mobility Management in  
a multimodal environment



**FP1 Event 2 - Seamless, inclusive mobility & predictive services**

**Seamless Mobility & Inclusive Travel Experience**

**Disruption Management through Transport Data Hub**

Enrique Jiménez (INDRA)

## How can we help Anna?



Anna, a passenger with reduced mobility, faces barriers when planning, navigating stations and accessing gates.

### 1. Single MaaS app for the full journey

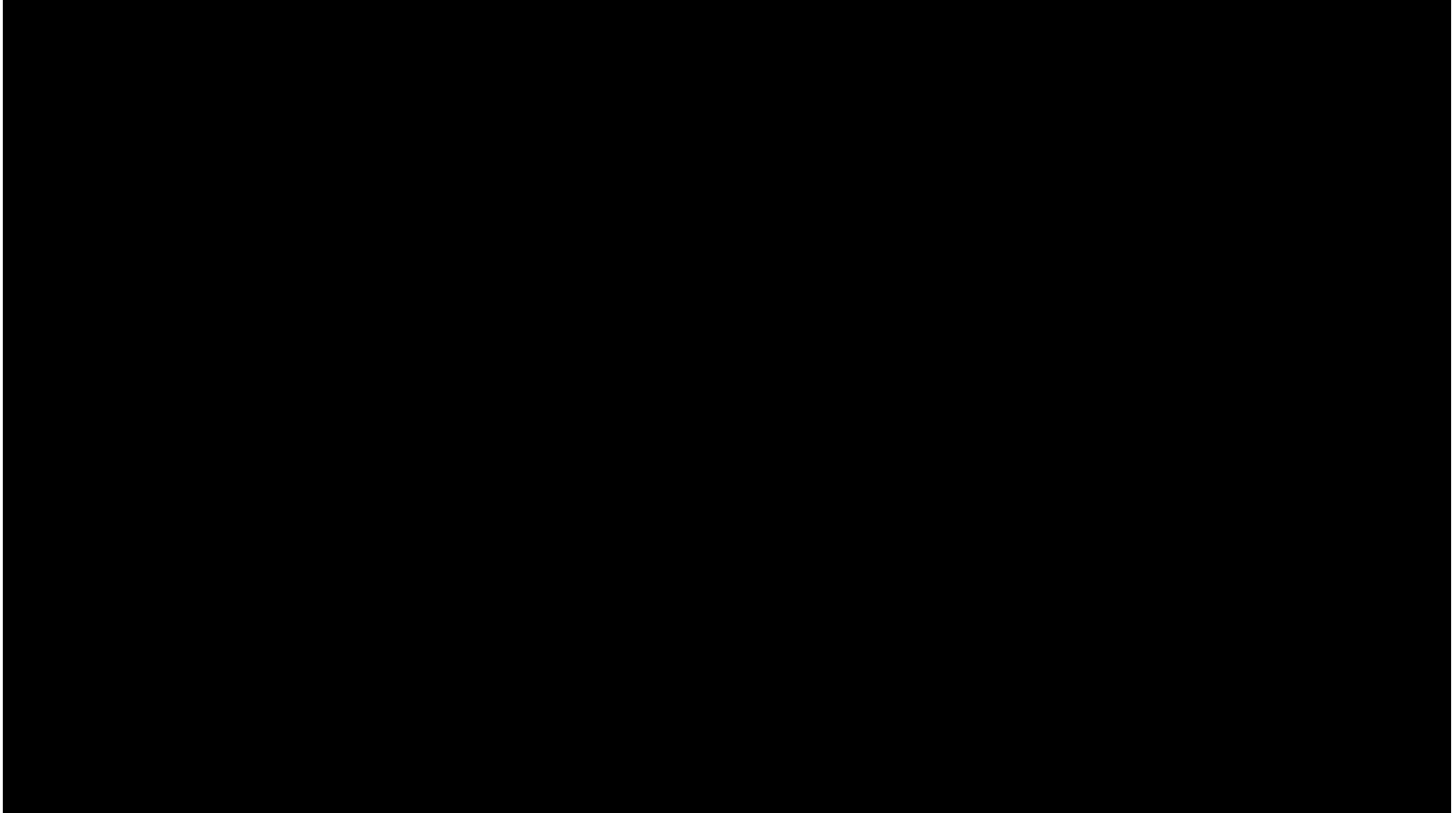


### 2. Indoor guidance with accessible routes



### 3. Ticketless travel using frictionless validation and ABT





## Anna's pain points

- Fragmented journey planning and multiple apps
- Lack of accessible guidance inside stations
- Stressful and complex ticket validation



## What we solved

- One single MaaS app covering the entire journey
- Accessible indoor guidance with PRM-friendly routes
- Ticketless and frictionless access without physical actions



## How can we help Luca?



During disruptions, Anna receives unclear or inconsistent information, while **Luca** lacks a real-time, integrated view to manage incidents effectively.

### 1. Real-time visibility of disruptions across services



### 2. Centralized and consistent incident management

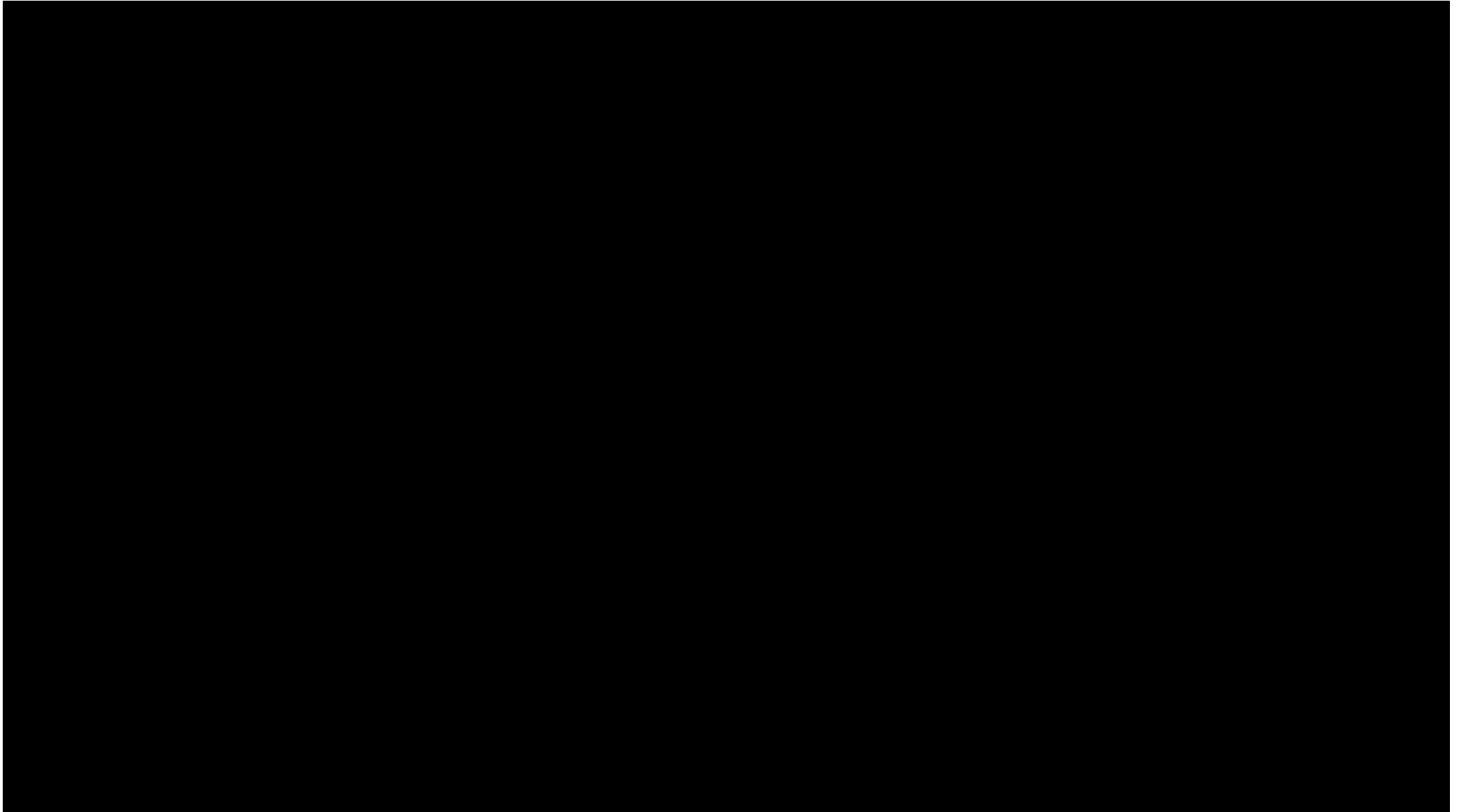


### 3. Faster decision-making and passenger display





# Demo Madrid – Indra / Metros Ligeros de Madrid



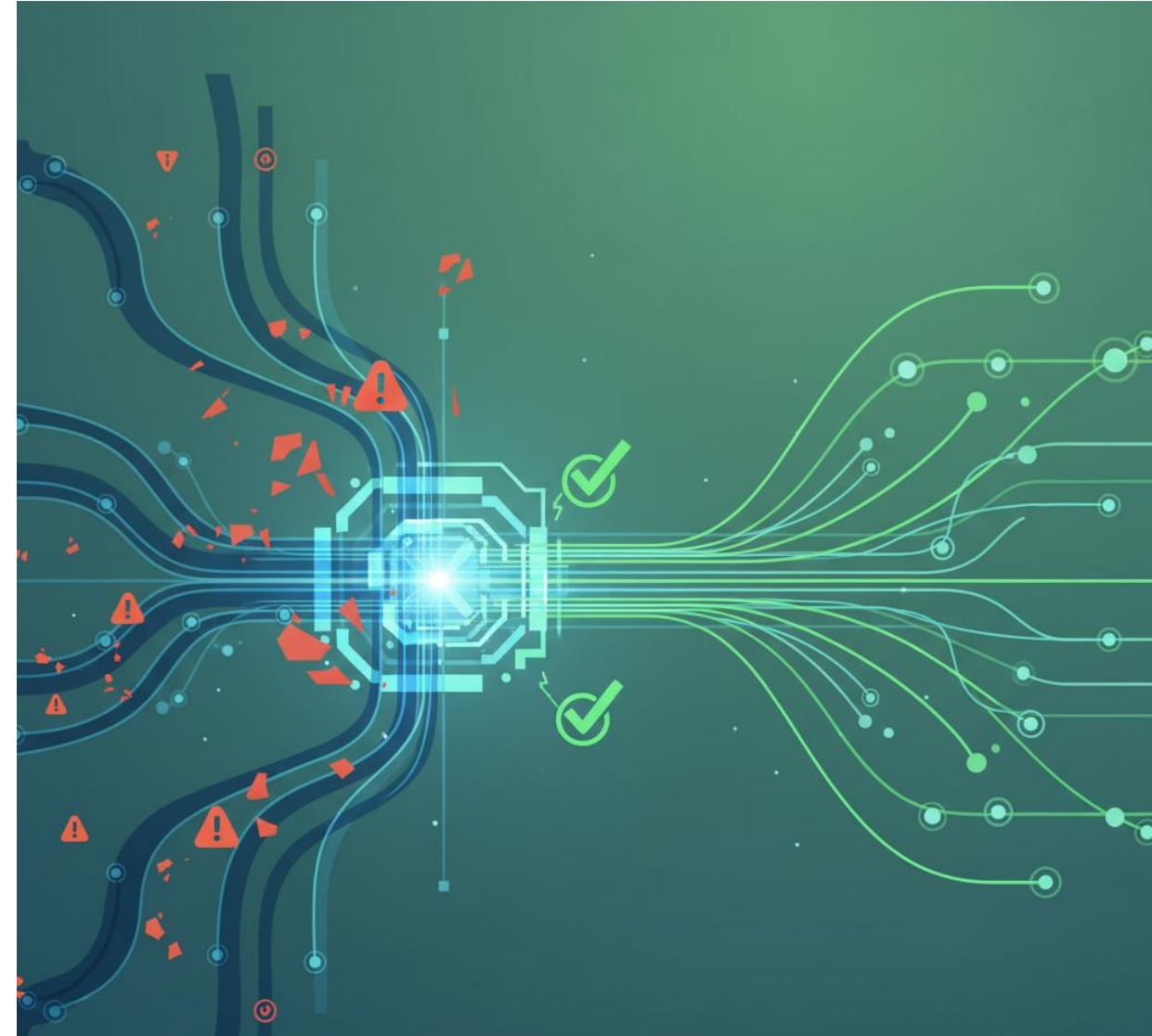
## Luca's pain points

- Limited real-time visibility during disruptions
- Dispersed incident information across systems
- Difficult coordination of services and responses



## What we solved

- Real-time, integrated view of multimodal disruptions
- Centralised and consistent incident management
- Faster and more informed operational decisions





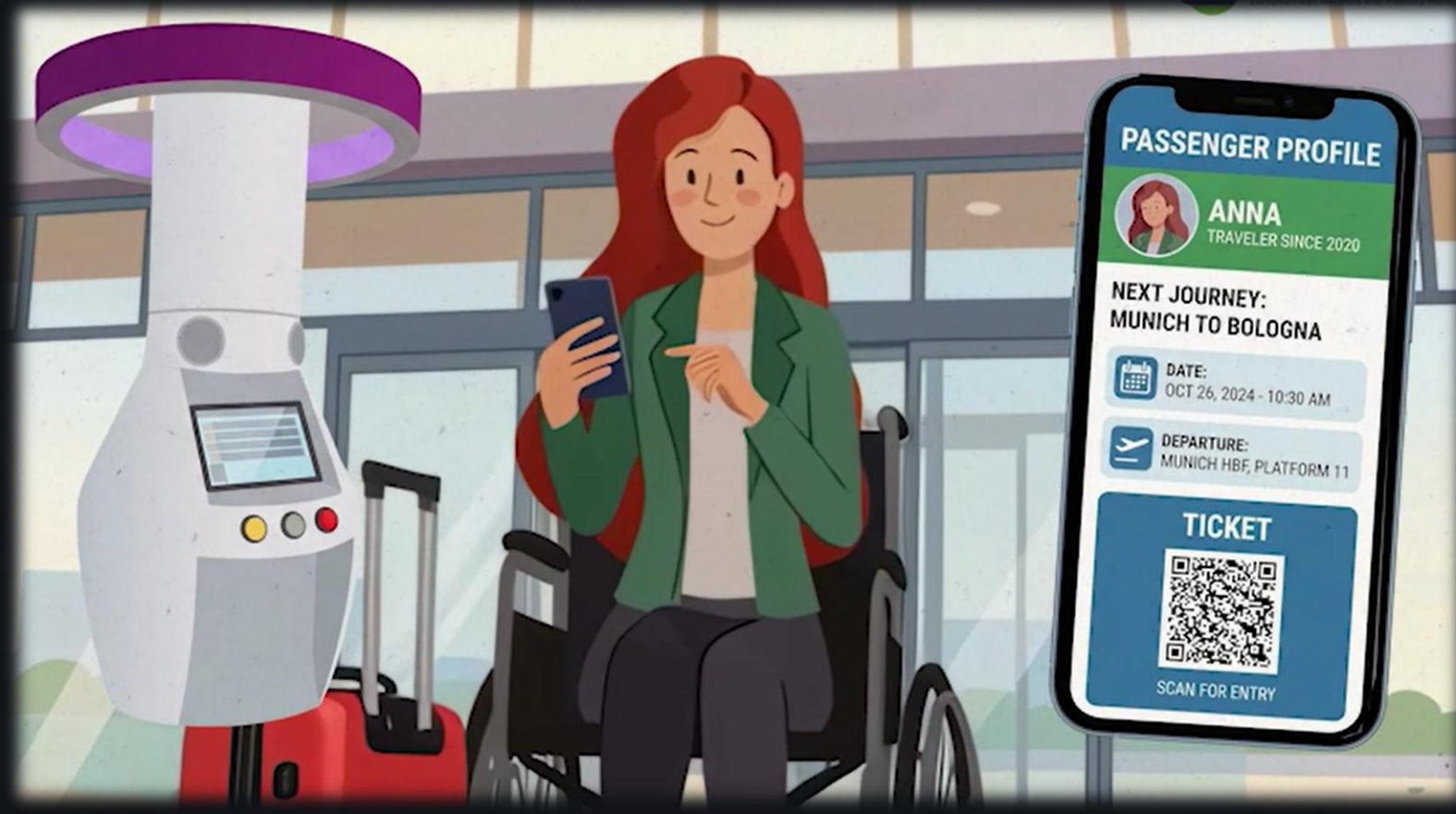
**ADIF FM: ADIF – RENFE - INECO**

**7 May 2026**

# TWO REALITIES. ONE JOURNEY



# INDEPENDENT MOBILITY



# INTELLIGENT ORIENTATION



FP1 MOTIONAL



# THE ACCESSIBLE TOTEM T-AIS



# TOTEM T-AIS: THE INTERACTIVE CORE

**Multi-Sensory  
Interface**

**Real-Time  
Intelligence**

**Validation**

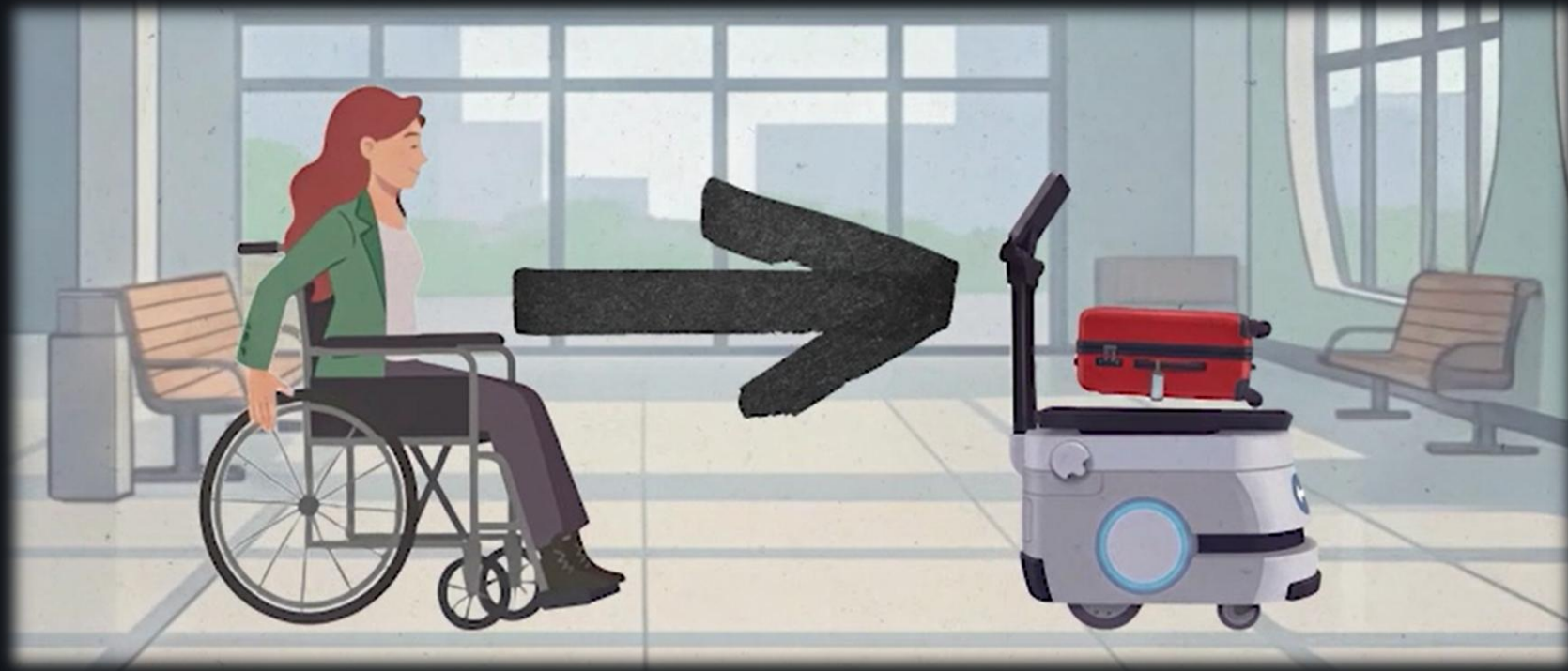


# EMPOWERED AUTONOMY



# CONNECTED NAVIGATION





# ACCESS ROBOTS



# GOBOS: POSITIONING IN PLATFORMS



# GOBOS PROJECTION: ANTICIPATING BOARDING

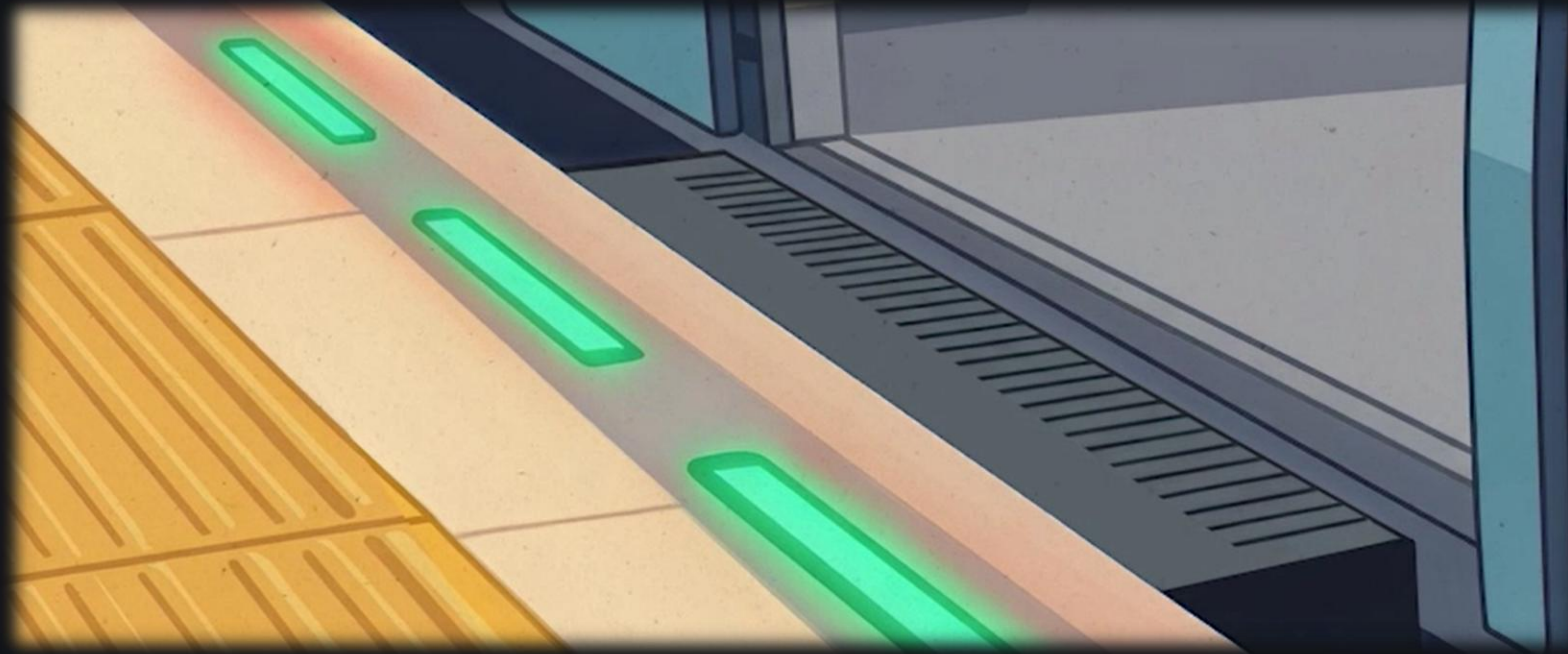
The Challenge

The Solution

The Result



# GAP FILLER: SAFER BOARDING IN PLATFORMS

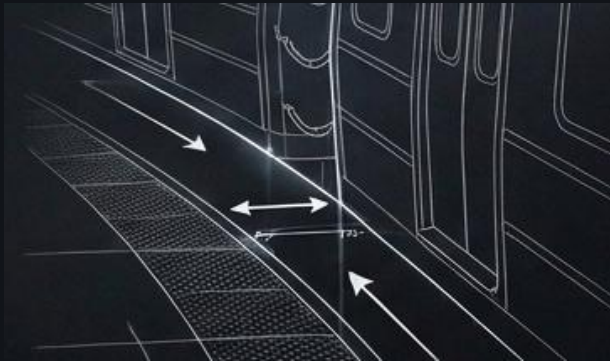


# GAP FILLER: CURVED PLATFORMS WITH DIFFERENT ROLLING STOCK MATERIAL

The Challenge

The Solution

The Result



VIDEO  
MALAGA  
DEMOS



# OPERATIONAL INTELLIGENCE: SHORT-TERM AND LONG-TERM DEMAND ESTIMATION

System  
Inputs

Operational  
Outputs



-  Deploy Staff
-  Alternative Transport Modes
-  Passenger Flow Management
-  Adjust Train Schedule



**ONE EUROPE. ONE JOURNEY. ZERO BARRIERS**

**THANK YOU!**



## FP1 Event 2 - Seamless, inclusive mobility & predictive services

### Demo 25.4:

# Demand forecast to support operators in the service management

Elena García (ETRA)

## LUCA:

Railways manager

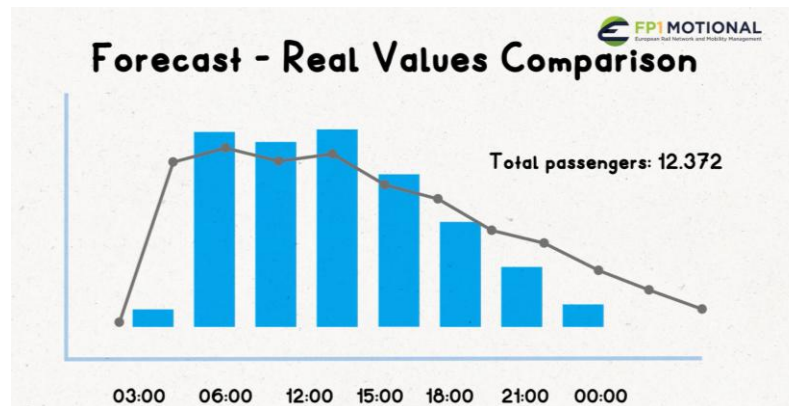


### Pain points

- Difficult to anticipate demand
- Inability to manage disruptions
- Lack of coherence in the decisions to solve issues
- Time consuming in the decision taken

ETRA has developed a tool to support LUCA - the railway manager, in managing station operations:

- **Demand prediction** per line and per station, which helps operators adjust train services in advance. This allows for optimizing the number of trains or adding other transport options, such as buses, to accommodate additional passengers.
- **Situation library**, which provides managers with guidance to respond quickly to changing conditions based on demand, weather, or special events.



Together, these tools enable proactive, data-driven decisions, improving operational efficiency and ensuring passengers enjoy a reliable, well-managed travel experience.

# Demo 25.4 Algorithms for forecasting short-term demand and detecting situations

## PREDICTOR MODEL – SHORT TERM FORECAST

- The Predictor Model is a centralized hub for managing the lifecycle of prediction passenger demand, encompassing model training, evaluation, and inference. It is made of two subcomponents that trains the model by using historical data and updating the database of demand (Trainer) and also the Predictor that interfere the data to predict the demand in the upcoming hours.
- The Model makes the prediction every time the data corresponding to the last available period is received and makes use of the data from several periods prior to this until the time interval considered in the model is completed.

## SITUATION MANAGER – DISRUPTION MANAGEMENT

- The Situation Manager oversees identifying the situations that occur in multimodal mobility and activating strategies that carry out the most appropriate management of mobility, adapting to the needs of each of the situations. It is made up of components for the identification of situations from historical and real-time data (Situation Detector), store the identified situations (Situation Library), and activation of the strategy associated with the situation detected as a decision-making system (Strategic Manager)

# **TRAIN RISK MANAGEMENT SYSTEM**

**Real-time monitoring and risk assessment**



## Pain points

- ~~Difficult to anticipate demand~~
- 
- ~~Inability to manage disruptions~~
- 
- ~~Lack of coherence in the decisions to solve issues~~
- 
- ~~Time consuming in the decision taken~~



Together, these tools enable proactive, data-driven decisions, improving operational efficiency and ensuring passengers enjoy a reliable, well-managed travel experience.



# Transforming European Mobility: The FP1 Motional Demonstration in Luxembourg



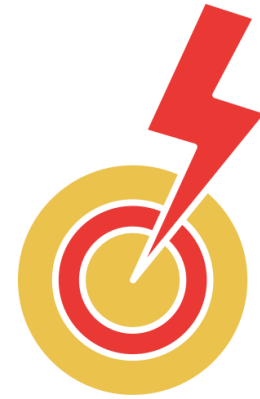
Co-funded by  
the European Union

# Orchestrating multimodal Journeys across mobility platforms

&

# Demand forecast and disruption management

# Anna



## Pain Points



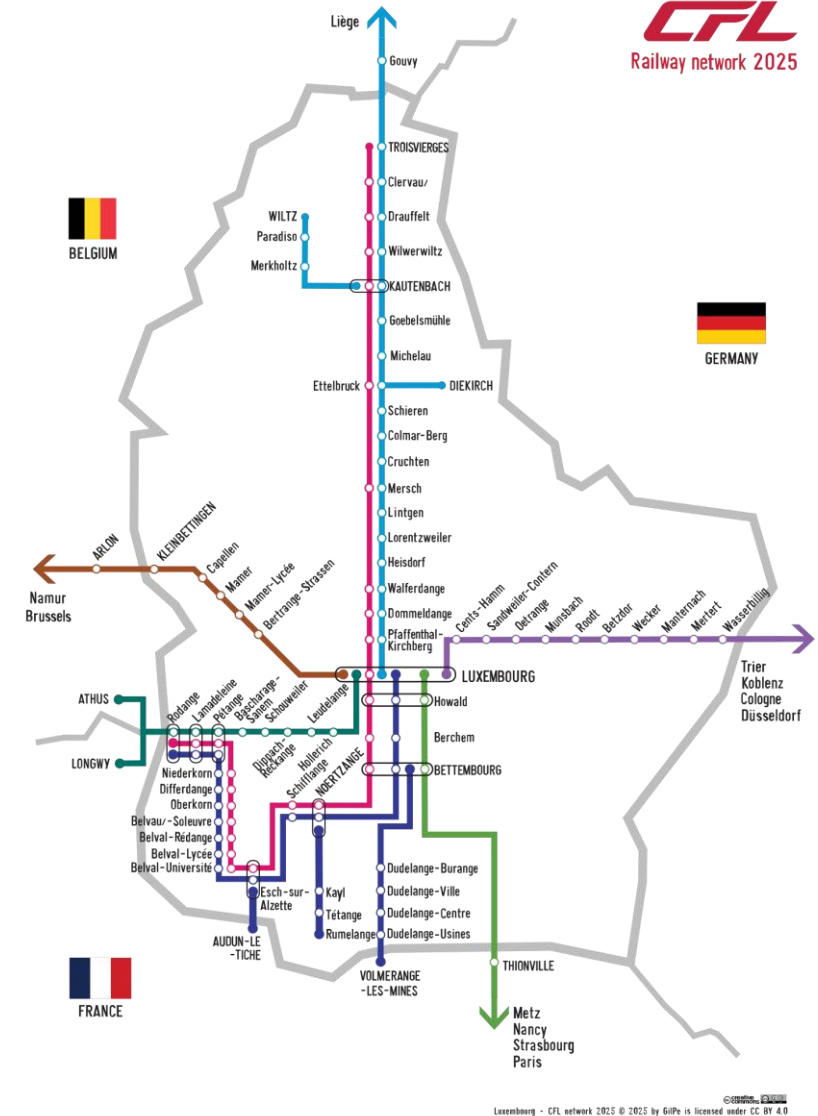
- **Fragmented Journey Planning across modes**
- **The "First and Last Mile" are disconnected**
- **Cross-Border Blind Spots**
- **The "Surprise" of Overcrowded services**

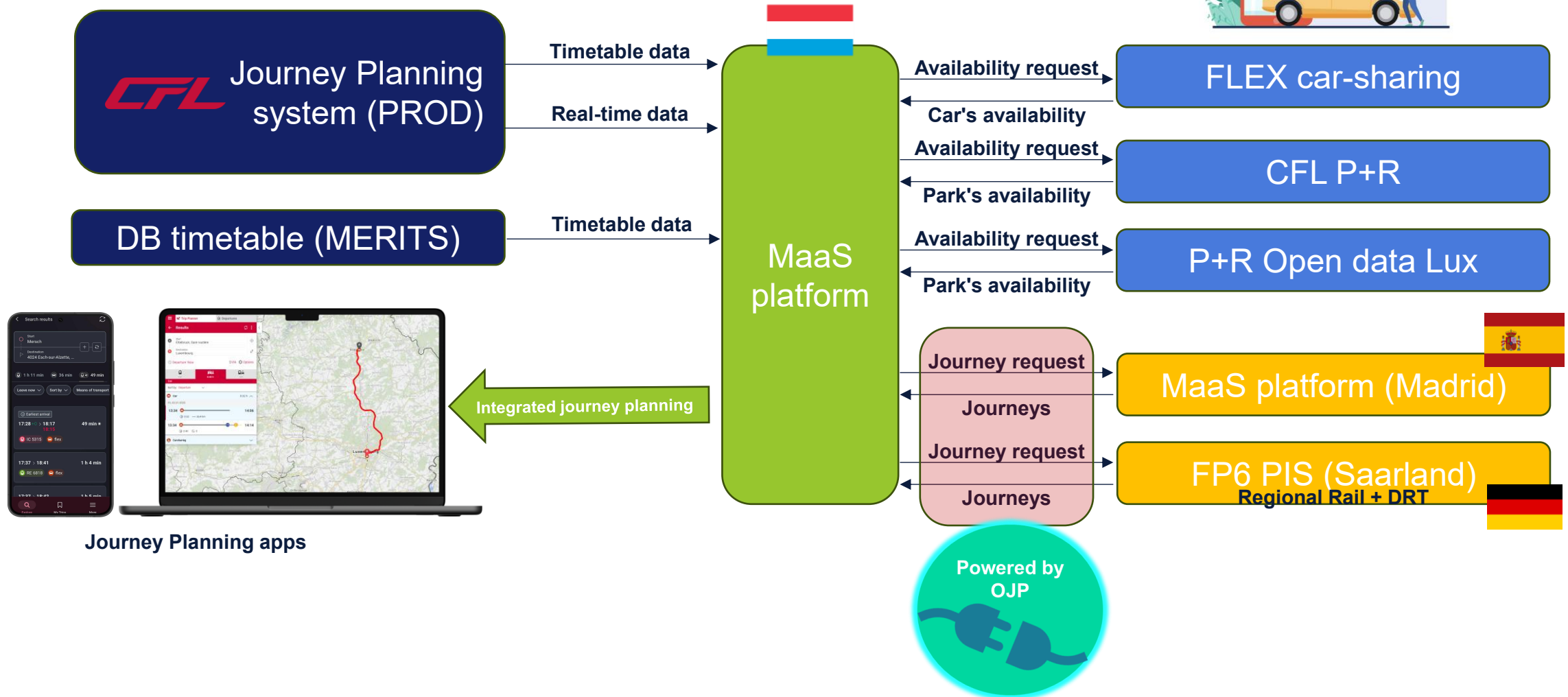
- **The Burden of Data Ingestion and Maintenance**
- **Loss of Data Sovereignty and Control**
- **Lack of Visibility into Intermodal Performance**
- **Inability to Anticipate Demand Anomalies**

# Orchestrating multimodal Journeys across mobility platforms

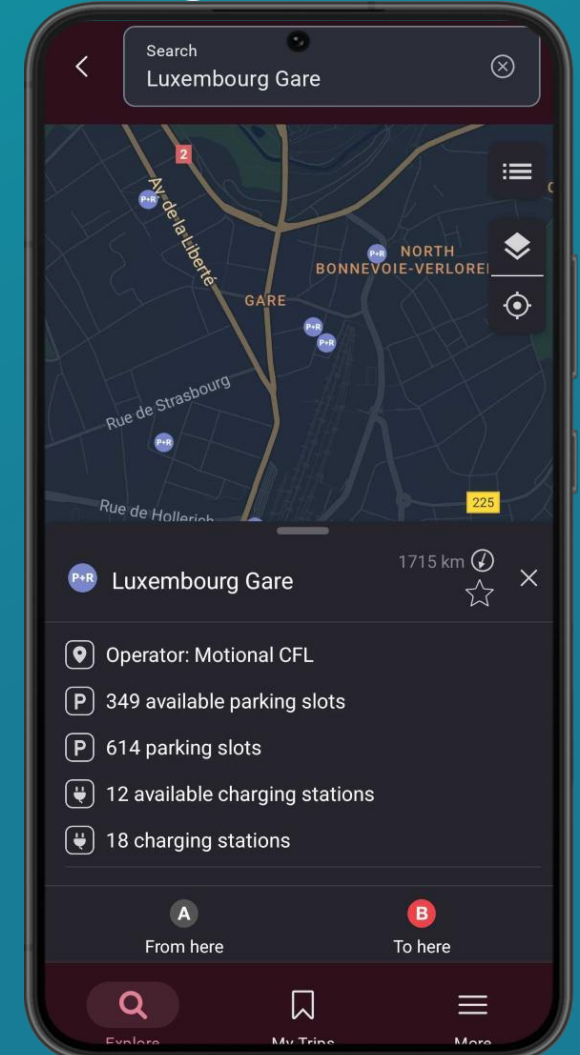
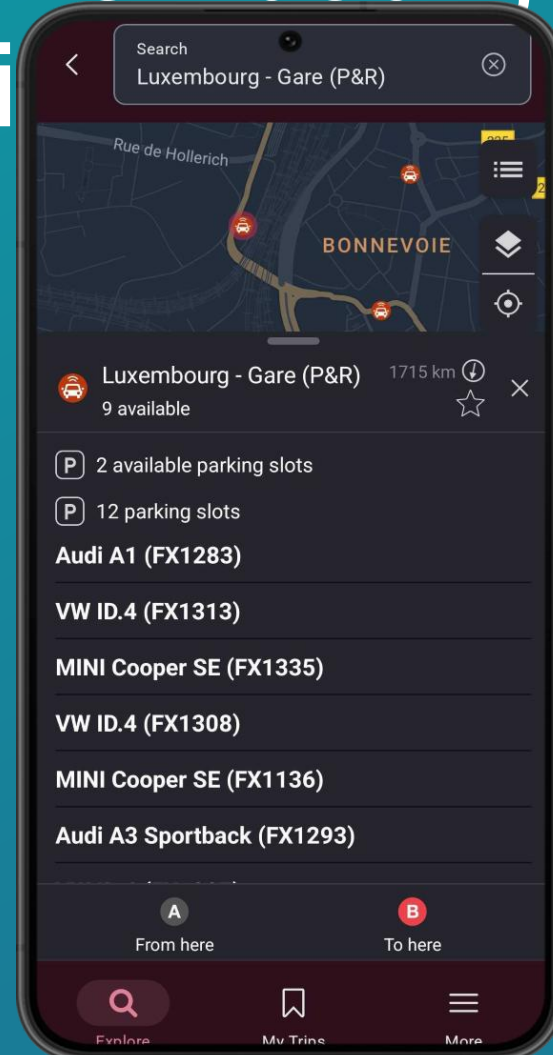
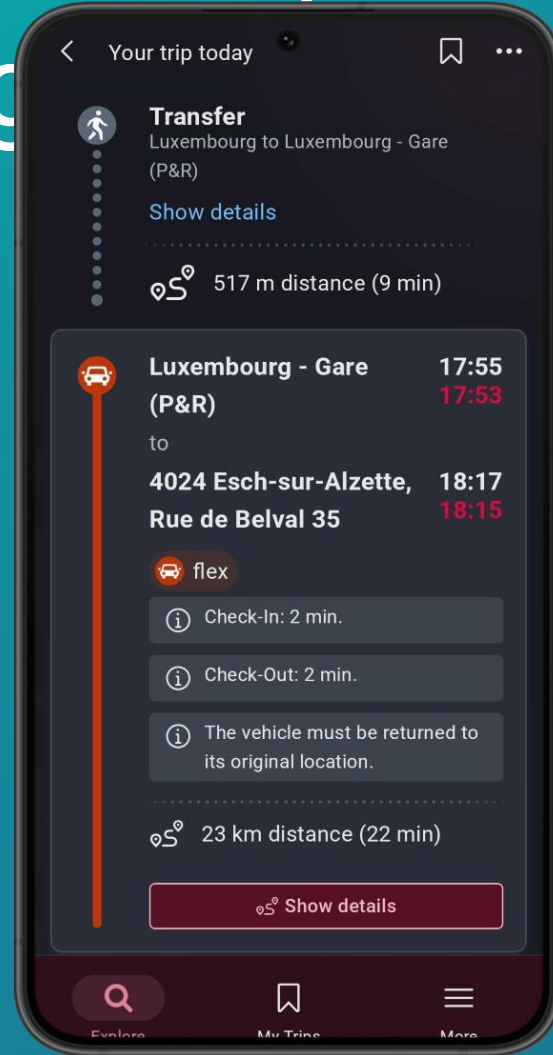
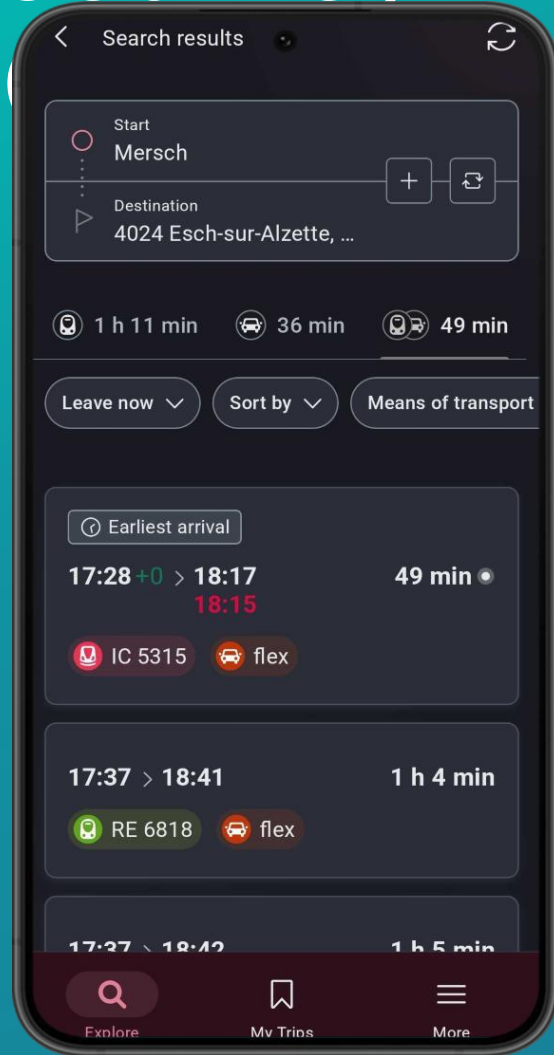
✓ Web/Android app + MaaS platform

- ❑ Multimodal Journey planning (CFL + P+R + FLEX)
- ❑ Cross-platform Journey planning (Luxembourg + Saarland + Madrid)





# Journey Planning in Luxembourg – Rail +



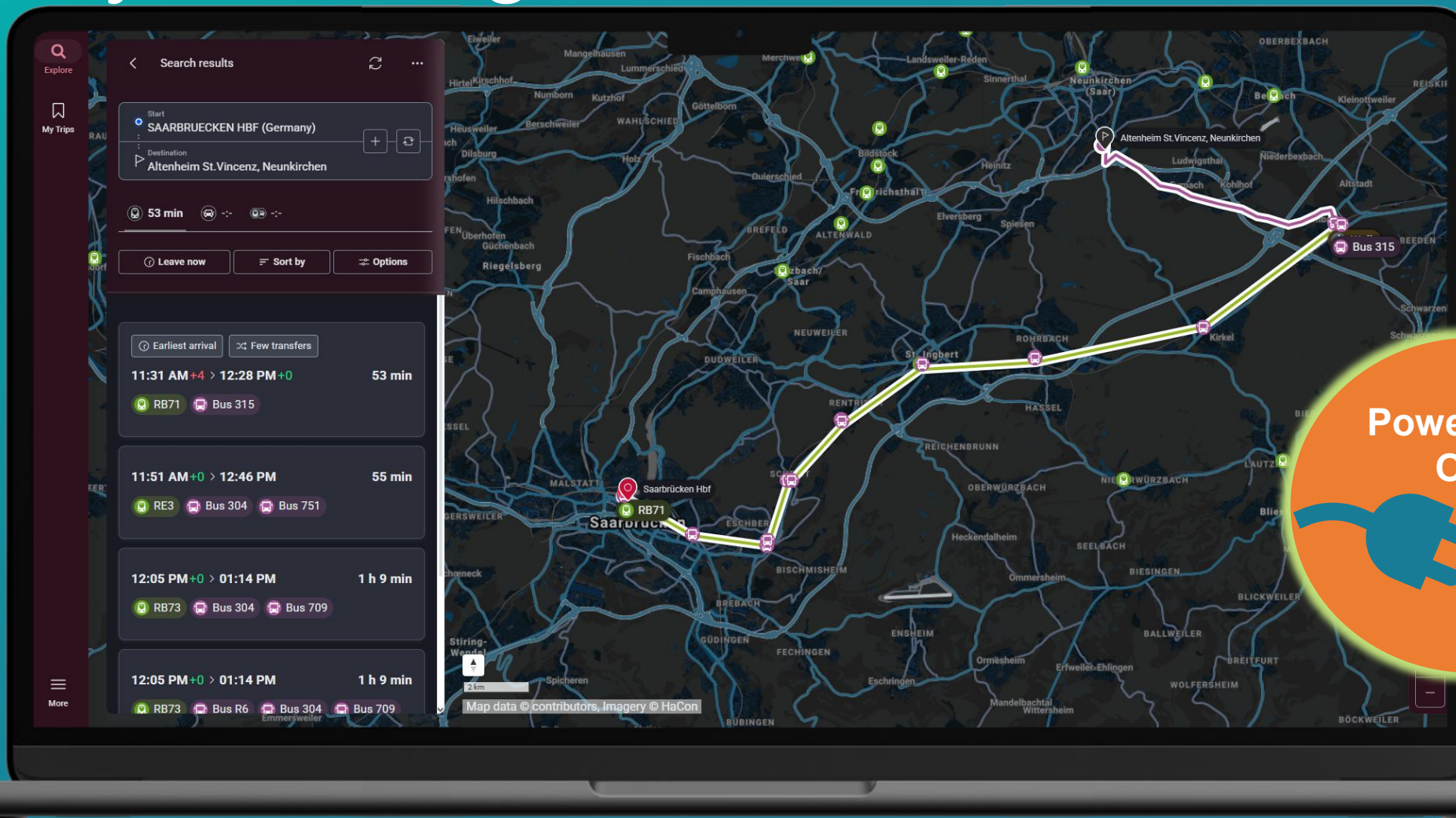
# Journey Planning in Saarland

From: Saarbrücken Hbf  
To: Altenheim St.Vincenz, Neunkirchen

Urban offers in Saarland area

Real-time data available

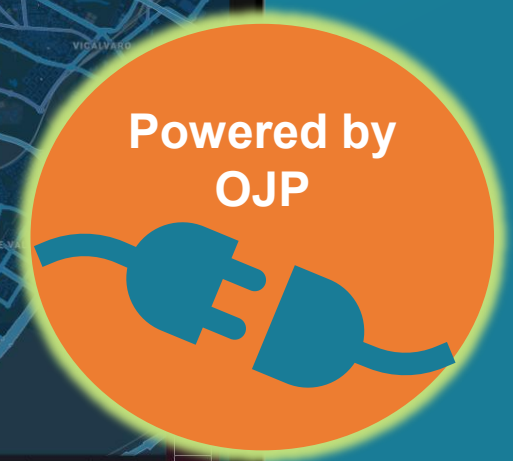
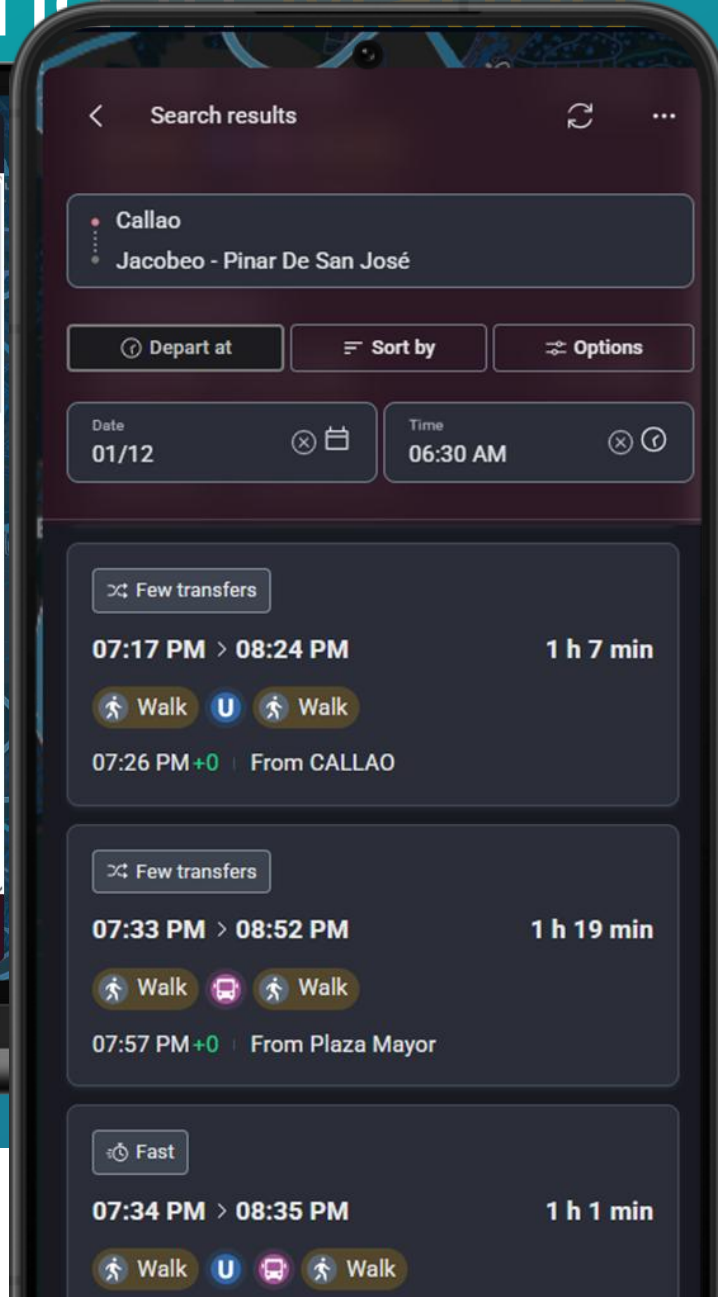
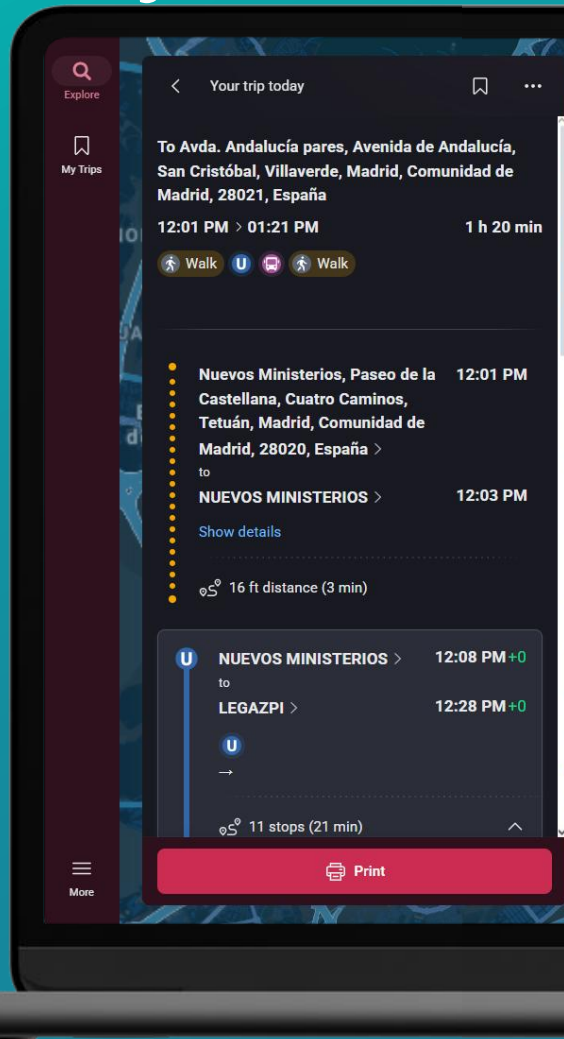
Demand Responsive Transport (DRT)



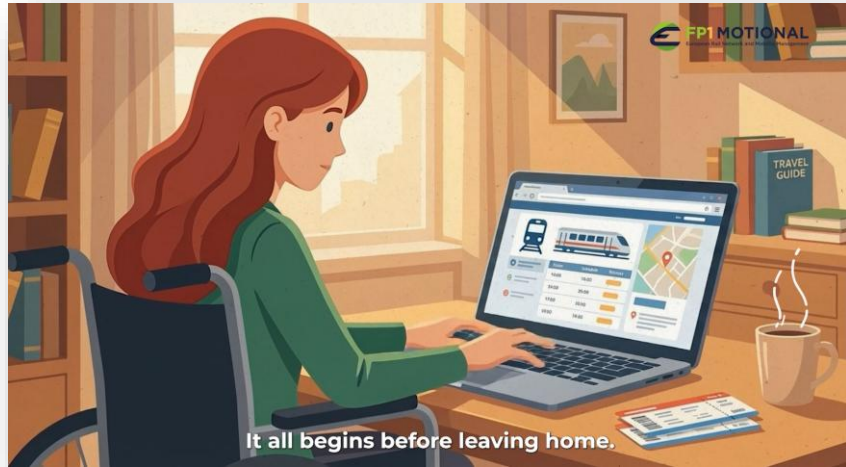


# Journey Planning in Madrid

From: Callao  
To: Jacobeo – Pinar de San José



# Anna



## Pain Points



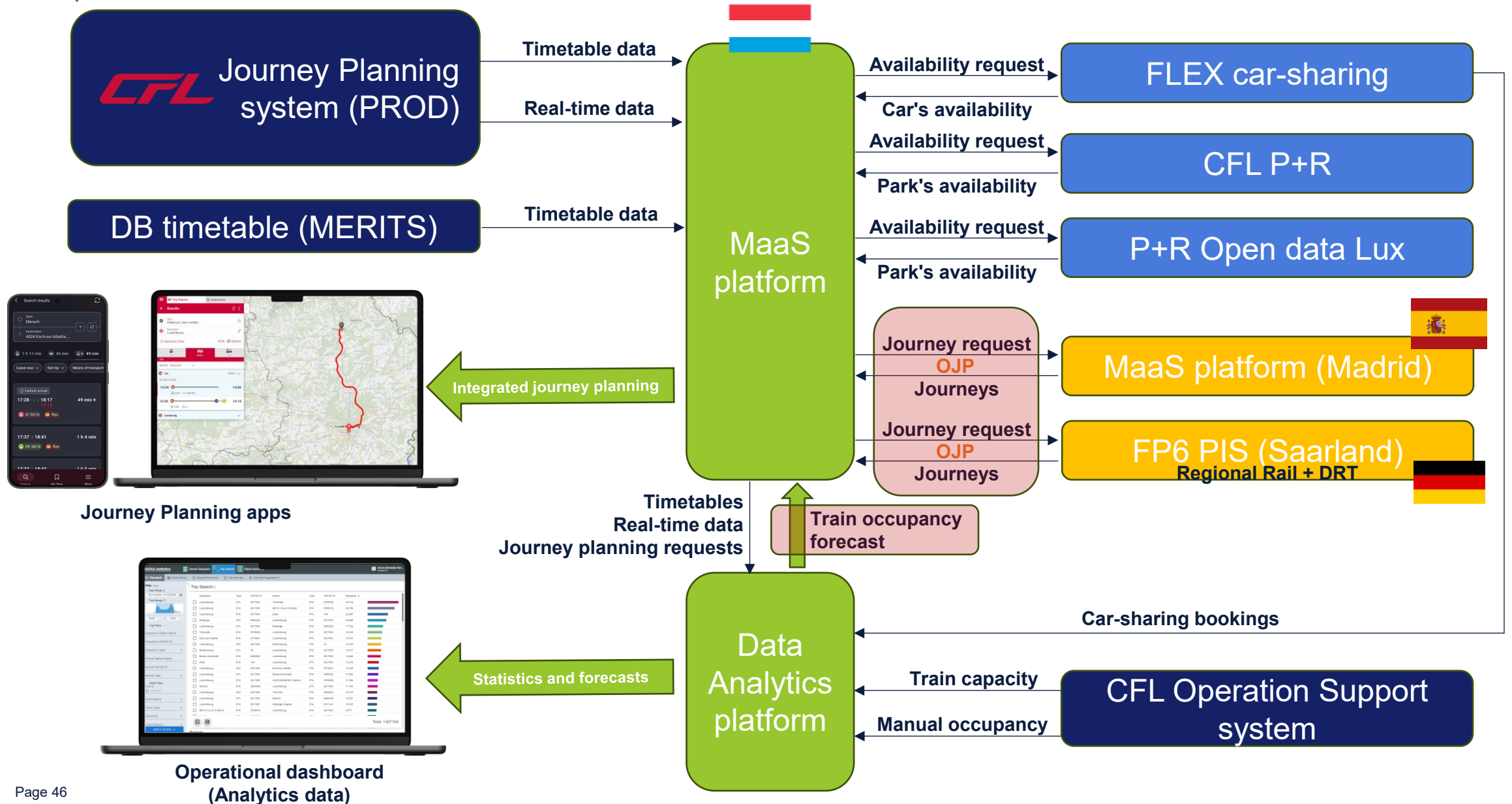
- ~~Fragmented Journey Planning across modes~~
- ~~The "First and Last Mile" are disconnected~~
- ~~Cross-Border Blind Spots~~
- **The "Surprise" of Overcrowded services**

- ~~The Burden of Data Ingestion and Maintenance~~
- ~~Loss of Data Sovereignty and Control~~
- **Lack of Visibility into Intermodal Performance**
- **Inability to Anticipate Demand Anomalies**

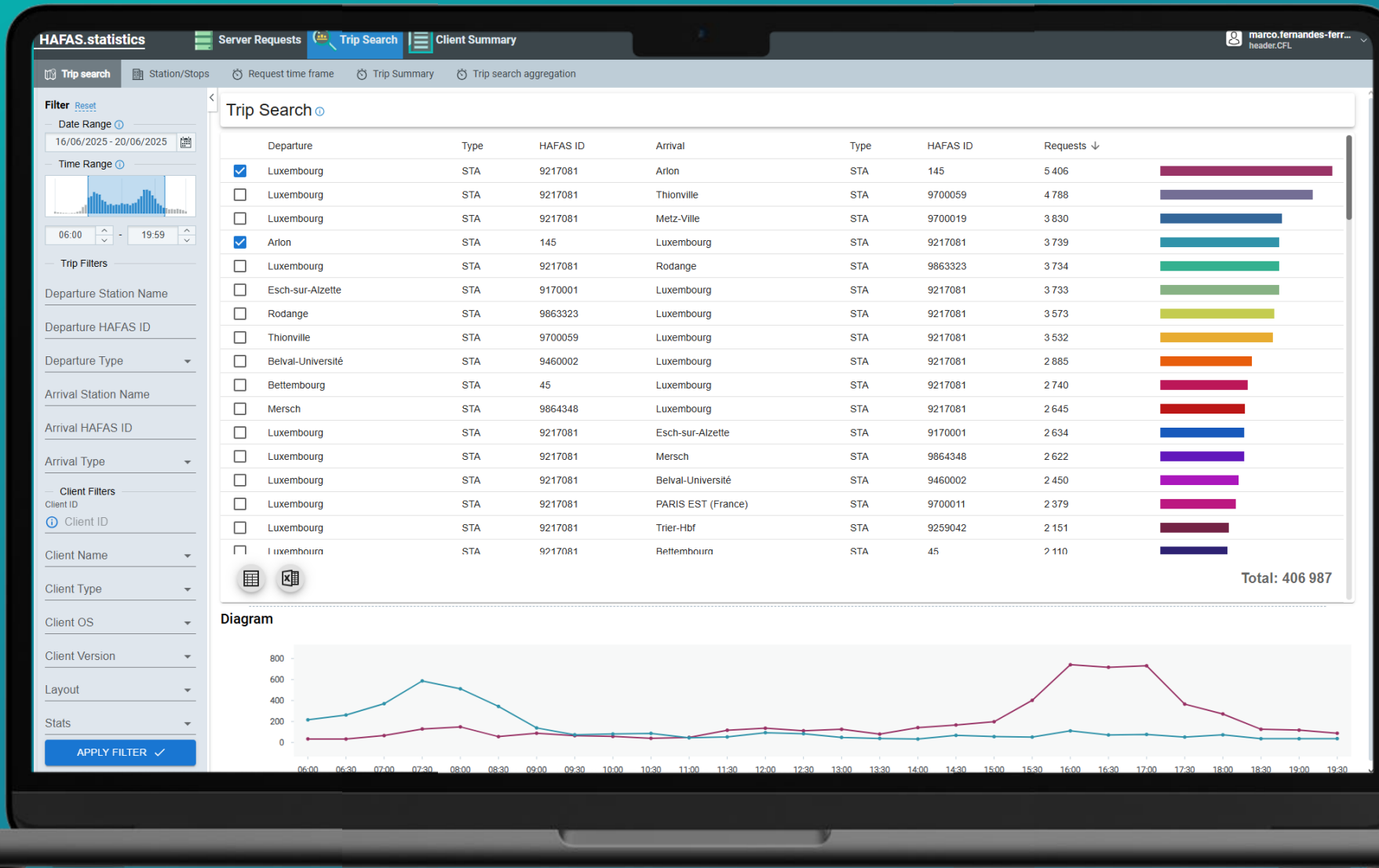
# Demand forecast and disruption management

## ✓ Analytics dashboards

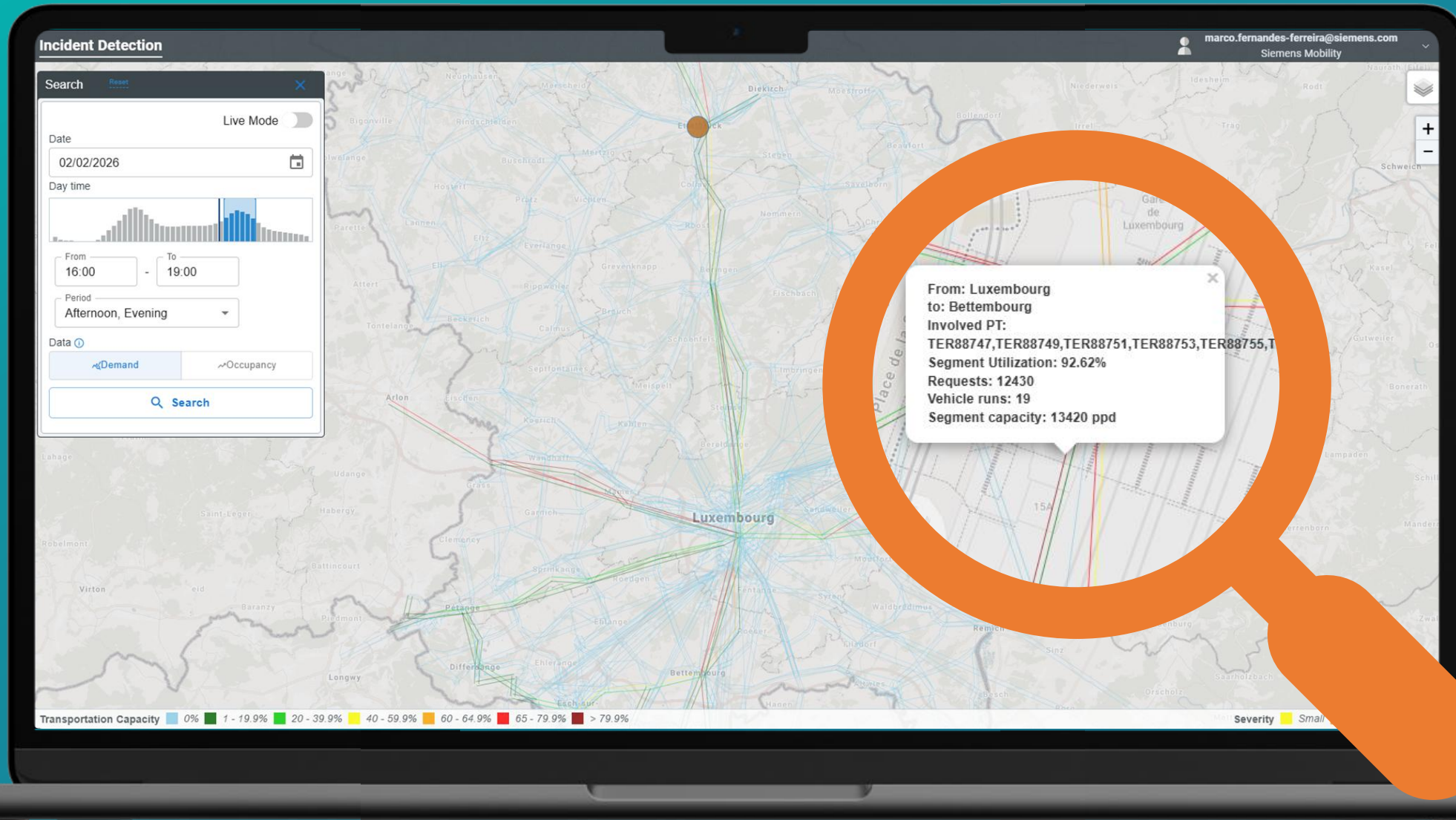
- Statistics from Journey planning requests
- Demand forecast analysis
- Alerts on overcrowding situations



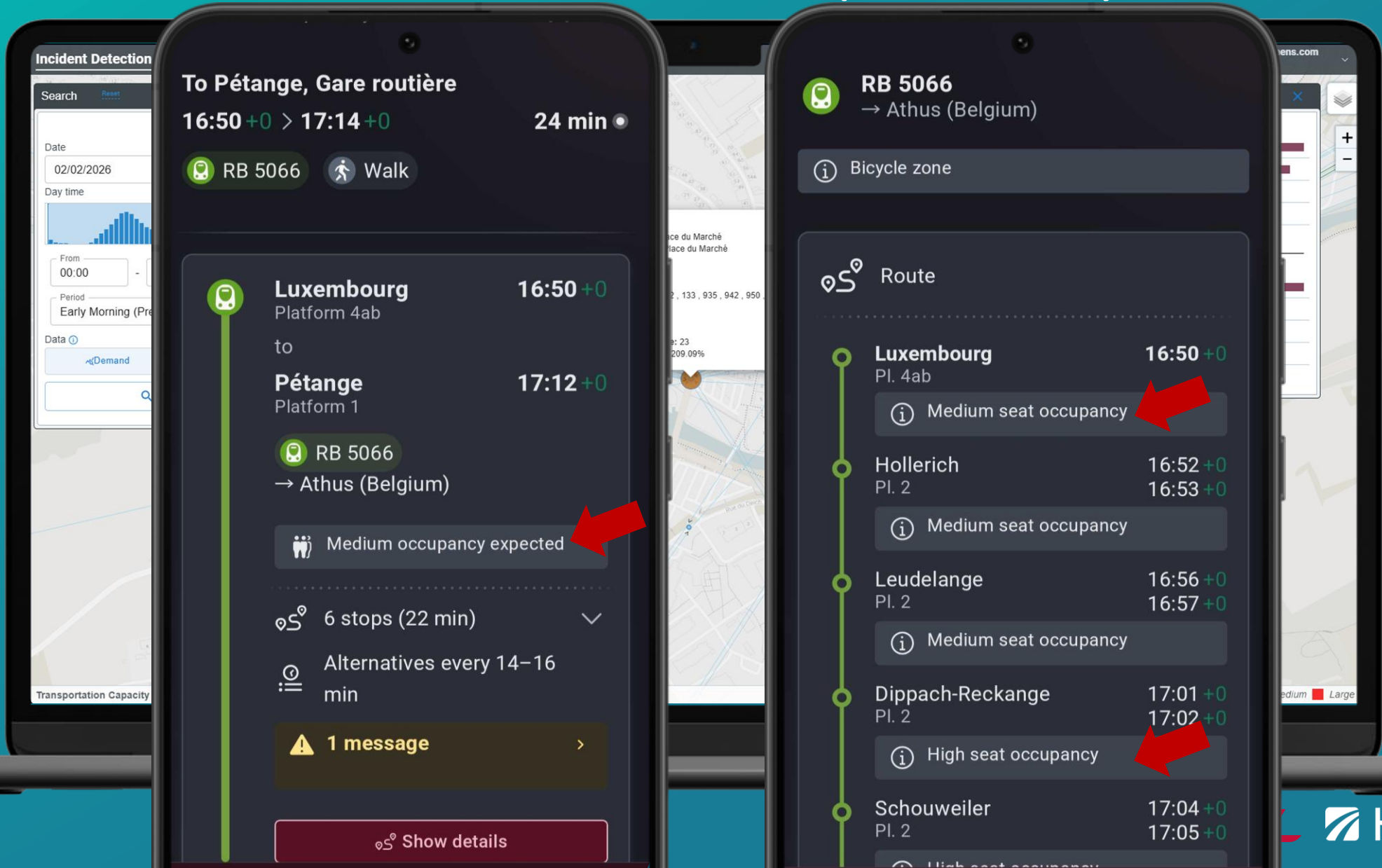
# Demonstration – Demand (statistics)



# Demonstration – Demand forecast analysis



# Demonstration – Demand forecast (Incidents)



To Pétange, Gare routière

16:50 +0 > 17:14 +0


24 min •

 RB 5066  Walk

 **Luxembourg** 16:50 +0  
Platform 4ab


to

**Pétange** 17:12 +0  
Platform 1

 RB 5066  
→ Athus (Belgium)

 Medium occupancy expected

 6 stops (22 min) ▾

 Alternatives every 14–16 min

 1 message >


 Show details

 **RB 5066**  
→ Athus (Belgium)


 Bicycle zone

 Route


 **Luxembourg** 16:50 +0  
Pl. 4ab

 Medium seat occupancy

 **Hollerich** 16:52 +0  
Pl. 2 16:53 +0

 Medium seat occupancy

 **Leudelage** 16:56 +0  
Pl. 2 16:57 +0

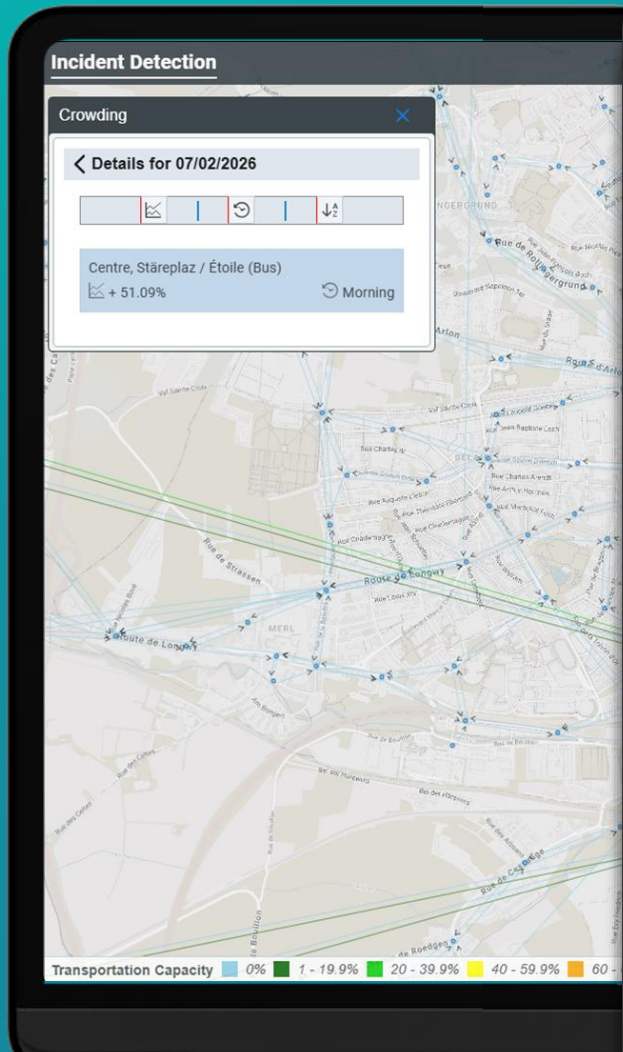
 Medium seat occupancy

 **Dippach-Reckange** 17:01 +0  
Pl. 2 17:02 +0

 High seat occupancy

 **Schouweiler** 17:04 +0  
Pl. 2 17:05 +0

# Demonstration – Crowding events



15:09

Rem

< Your trip today

**16:10**

**Bettembourg**  
Platform 2

to

**16:32**

**UCKANGE (France)**

TER88745

→ METZ VILLE (France)

**High occupancy expected**  
For this trip, high occupancy is expected; all seats might be occupied.

High occupancy expected

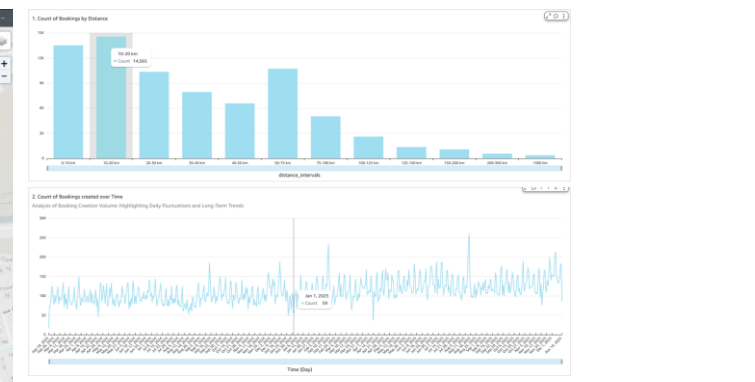
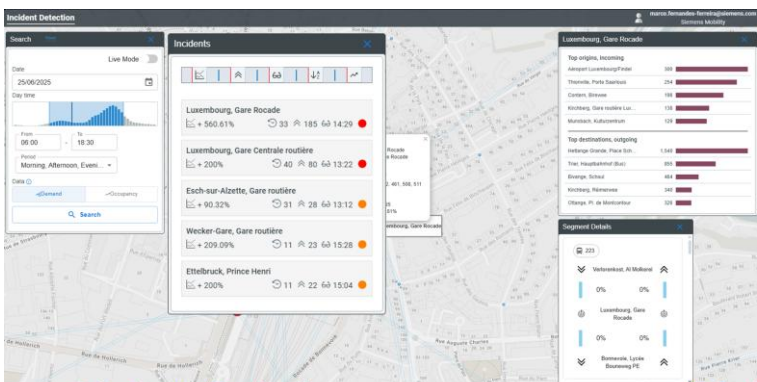
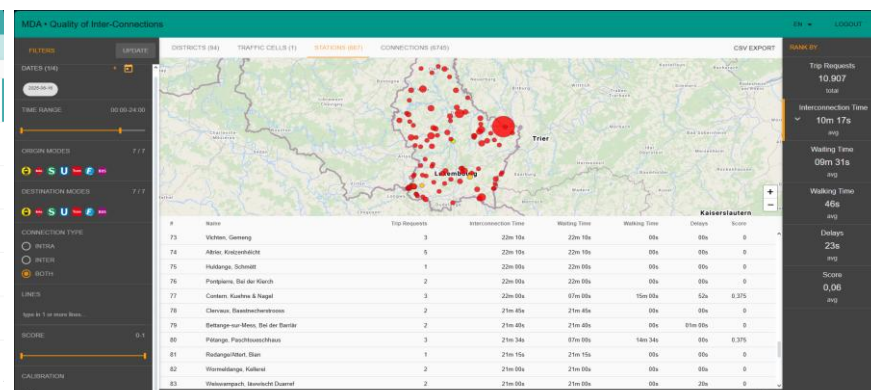
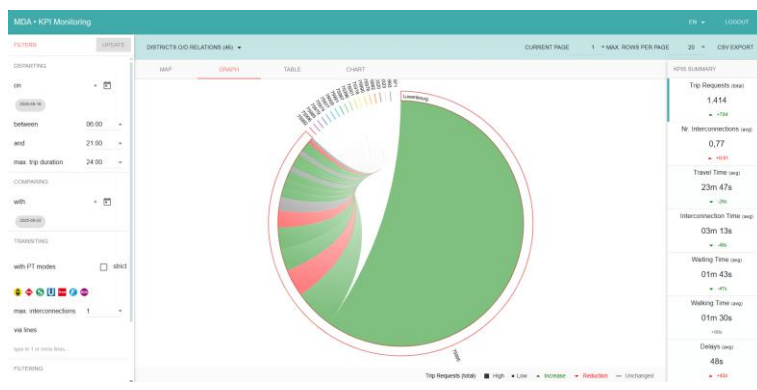
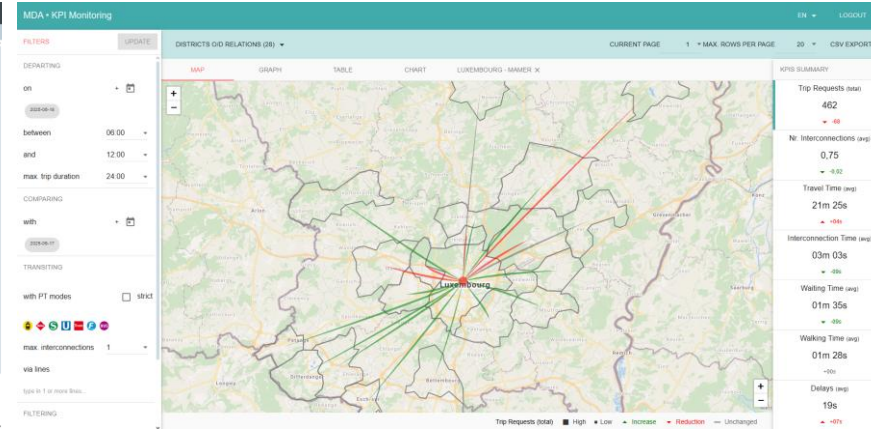
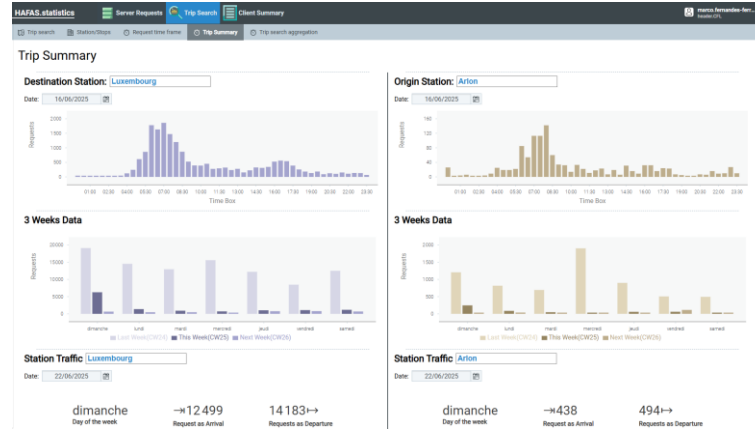
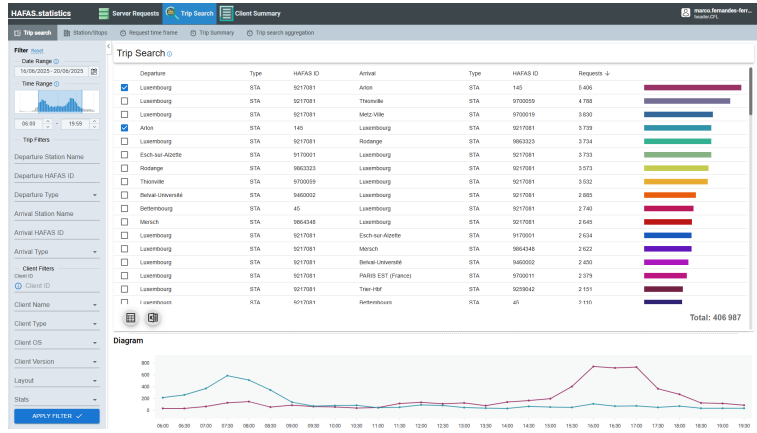
3 stops (22 min)

Alternatives every 5–25 min

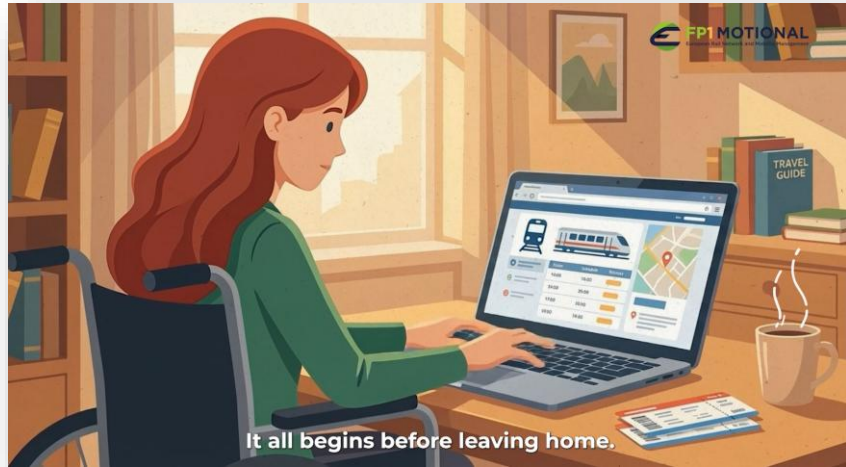
3 messages

Show details





# Anna



## Pain Points

- ~~Fragmented Journey Planning across modes~~
- ~~The "First and Last Mile" are disconnected~~
- ~~Cross-Border Blind Spots~~
- ~~The "Surprise" of Overcrowded services~~

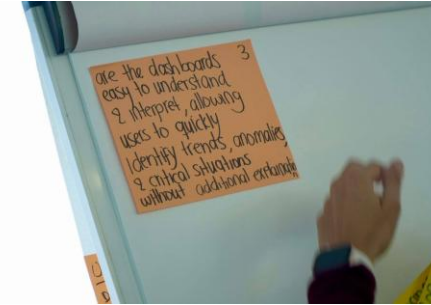
# Luca



- ~~The Burden of Data Ingestion and Maintenance~~
- ~~Loss of Data Sovereignty and Control~~
- ~~Lack of Visibility into Intermodal Performance~~
- ~~Inability to Anticipate Demand Anomalies~~

# Validation Event

10<sup>th</sup> February @ CFL premises



## 1. Strong validation of multimodal & cross-border journey planning

- All respondents used and valued journey planning features.
- Multimodal and cross-border routing (e.g., Luxembourg ↔ Germany) highlighted as major strengths.
- Satisfaction consistently ranged from somewhat to very satisfied.

## 2. Clear interest in Demand Statistics & Forecasting

- Demand analytics widely used and appreciated.
- Dashboards rated as accurate, intuitive, and consistent.
- Key uses: OD flow analysis, mobility pattern insights, operational decisions, and tracking planner performance.

## 3. Positive cross-border insights

- Strong appreciation for visibility into where customers come from and go—especially across borders.
- Expectation for better integration with neighbouring countries.

## 4. High usability

- Dashboards and data tools described as intuitive, excellent, and user friendly.
- Journey planning UX rated somewhat to very easy.

## 5. Proven operational value

- Supports enhanced data analysis and intermodal improvements.
- Helps streamline operator workflows.
- Several respondents noted significant improvements in decision support.

## 6. Issues & improvement needs

- Some POIs couldn't generate multimodal journeys (isolated).
- Initial dashboard learning curve for one user → need onboarding.
- Cross-border gaps: some neighbouring regions missing (except Saarland).





**Transforming European Mobility:  
The FP1 Motional Demo  
in Luxembourg**



 FP1 MOTIONAL  
European Rail Network and Mobility Management

 HACON  CFL  Co-funded by  
the European Union





7TH MAY | DISSEMINATION EVENT | SJ, DB AND SQILLS

# Booking journeys cross-border



## BACKGROUND

# Anna's struggles

- Booking cross-border or multimodal trips is fragmented, forcing travellers, like Anna, to juggle multiple platforms to build her journey.
- The process is time consuming and requires collection of a lot of information.



## BACKGROUND

# Luca's struggles

- Enabling inventory from other carriers requires custom integrations, as operators and resellers use different APIs and standards.
- This makes onboarding of new partners slow, costly, and hard to scale.



## OUR SOLUTION

# OSDM: A new standard made for Anna and Luca

Thanks to a common language customers can to book journeys end-to-end in both DBs and SJs sales channels. **This was enabled in three steps:**

### SJ selling multimodal journeys in Sweden (2022-24)

- Migration to new platform (S3 Passenger) provided Sqills
- Connection to other carriers through Samtrafiken's platform NDS
- New sales channels and integrations in order to create combined journeys incl. All rail and bus operators, called Resplus.
- **Live April 2024** 🇸🇪

### DB selling SJ (2025)

- Direct integration DB and SJ reseller API: total content of SJ including both day- and night trains
- **Live December 2025** 🇩🇪

### SJ selling DB (2025 -...)

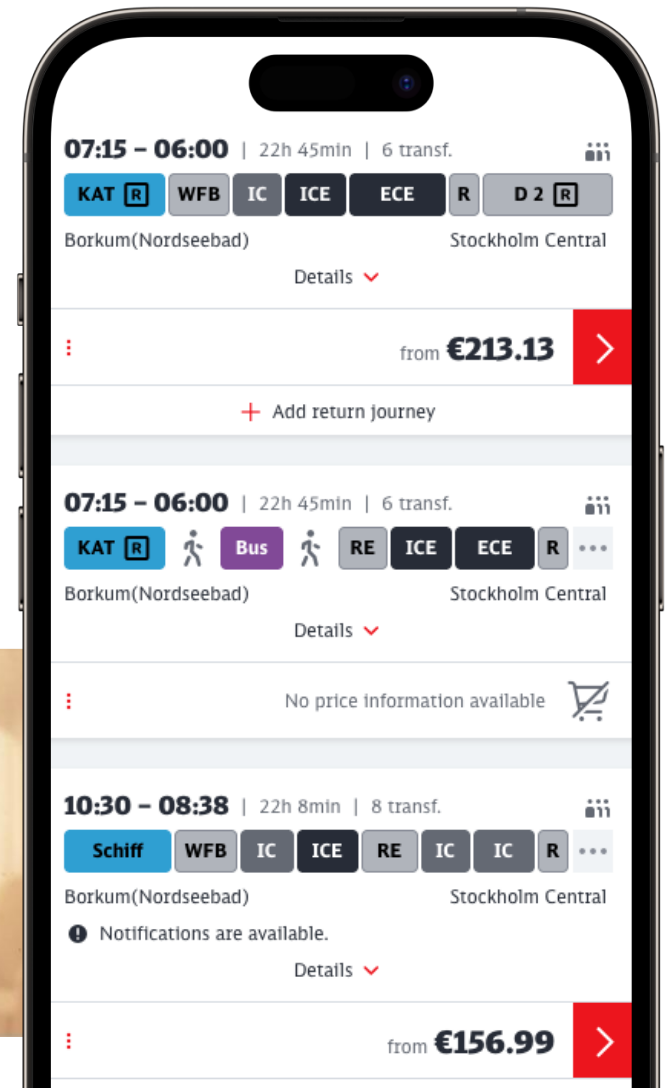
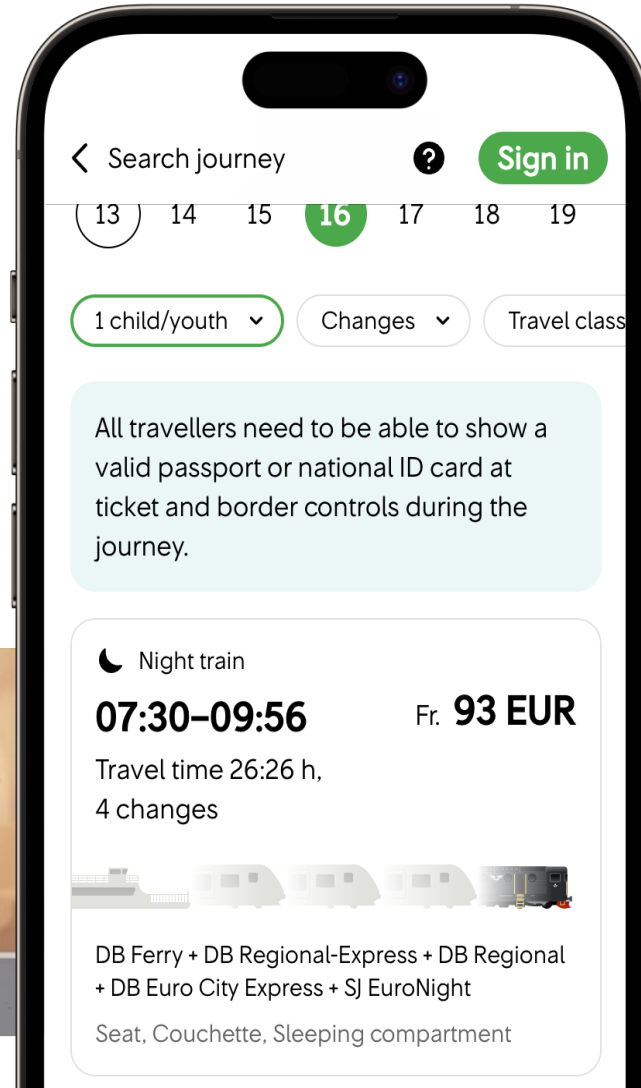
- A selection of DB's offerings to explore technical possibilities and customer needs.
- **Proof of Concept – Feb 2026** 🇩🇪



## INSIGHTS AND CONCLUSIONS

# Benefits for Anna

- An end-to-end search
- Multimodality
- One platform, one payment, one booking reference



## INSIGHTS AND CONCLUSIONS

# Benefits for Luca

- Easy integration
- Common language
- No customizations – faster time to market
- Faster connections for settlements minimizing risks or errors and time outs.

**Through a smooth process**

**- We are ready for expansion in Europe!**







## **WP23 Demos – Services for inclusive rail-based mobility**

### **Dissemination Event 2**

### **Deutsche Bahn: Illuminated Platform Edge**

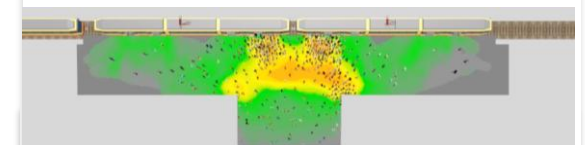
Demo Leaders: DB, 07.05.2026

- The number of rail passengers is expected to double over the next ten years.
- Crowded platforms can lead to dangerous situations and reduce attention and orientation.
- In metropolitan areas, capacity limits like train length, frequencies and infrastructure are limited.
- When passenger volume is high, stop times are extended. Every delay leads to further delays.

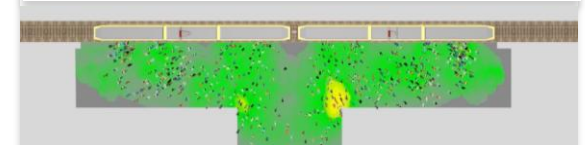
- From Anna's perspective, traveling with limited mobility, especially at busy train stations, poses a major challenge.
- Clear customer information and a good passenger guidance on the platform is essential.
- Especially for a better positioning on the platform (train occupancy, availability of multi-purpose compartments) and a greater sense of safety.



Ohne Personenstromleitung

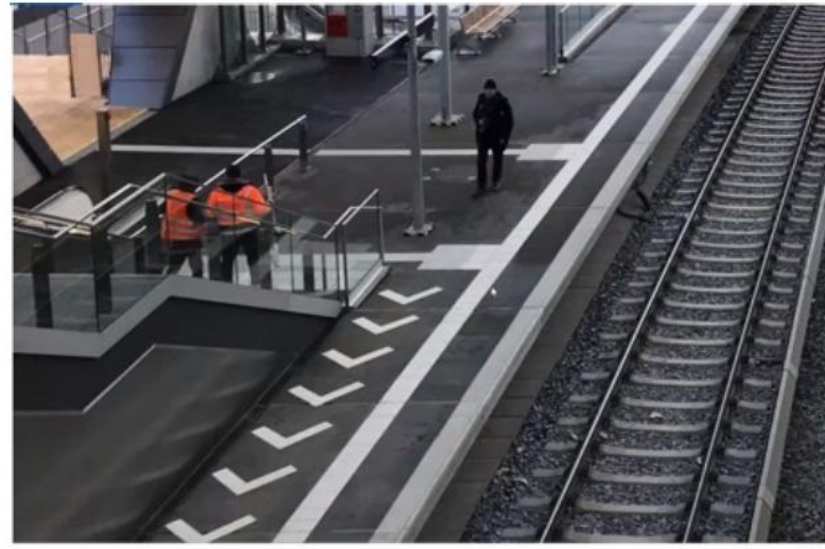


Mit Personenstromleitung



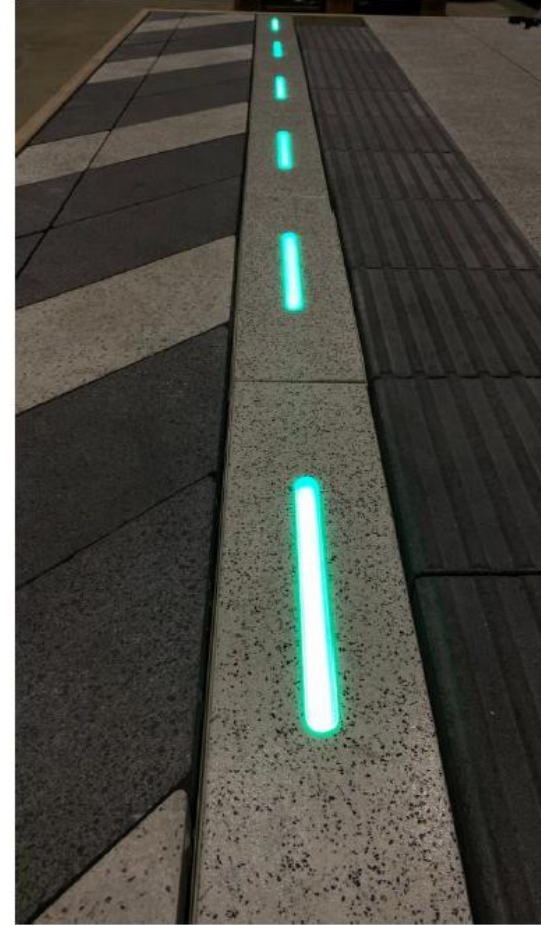
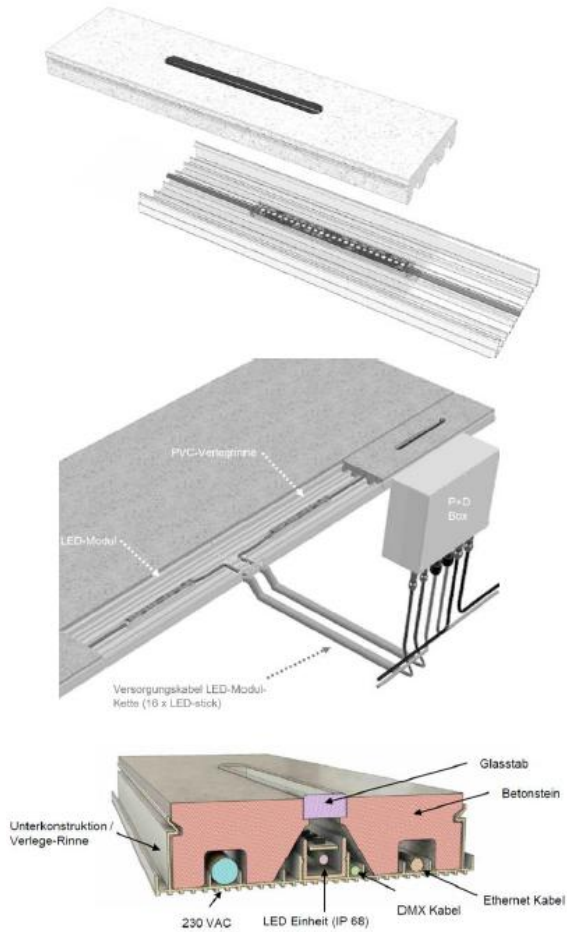
# WP23 Demo – Illuminated Platform Edge

## Current solutions for passenger guidance are not optimal



# WP23 Demo – Illuminated Platform Edge

## Technical Solution: Smart concrete LED-floor tiles



## WP23 Demo – Illuminated Platform Edge

Target: Evaluation in terms of:



**Security:** Increasing attention on the platform



**Punctuality:** Optimization of stopping times and handling



**Capacity:** Improving the distribution of travellers



**Customer satisfaction:** Improving the orientation



# WP23 Demo – Illuminated Platform Edge Video



**Services for Inclusive Railbased Mobility**

**WP23**



### Punctuality / capacity

Display of train stop position

Display of train capacity

Door position indicator

Display of multipurpose compartments



### Attention / security

Track area warning

Warning train entry/departure

Warning door closure

Distribution of people in narrow places

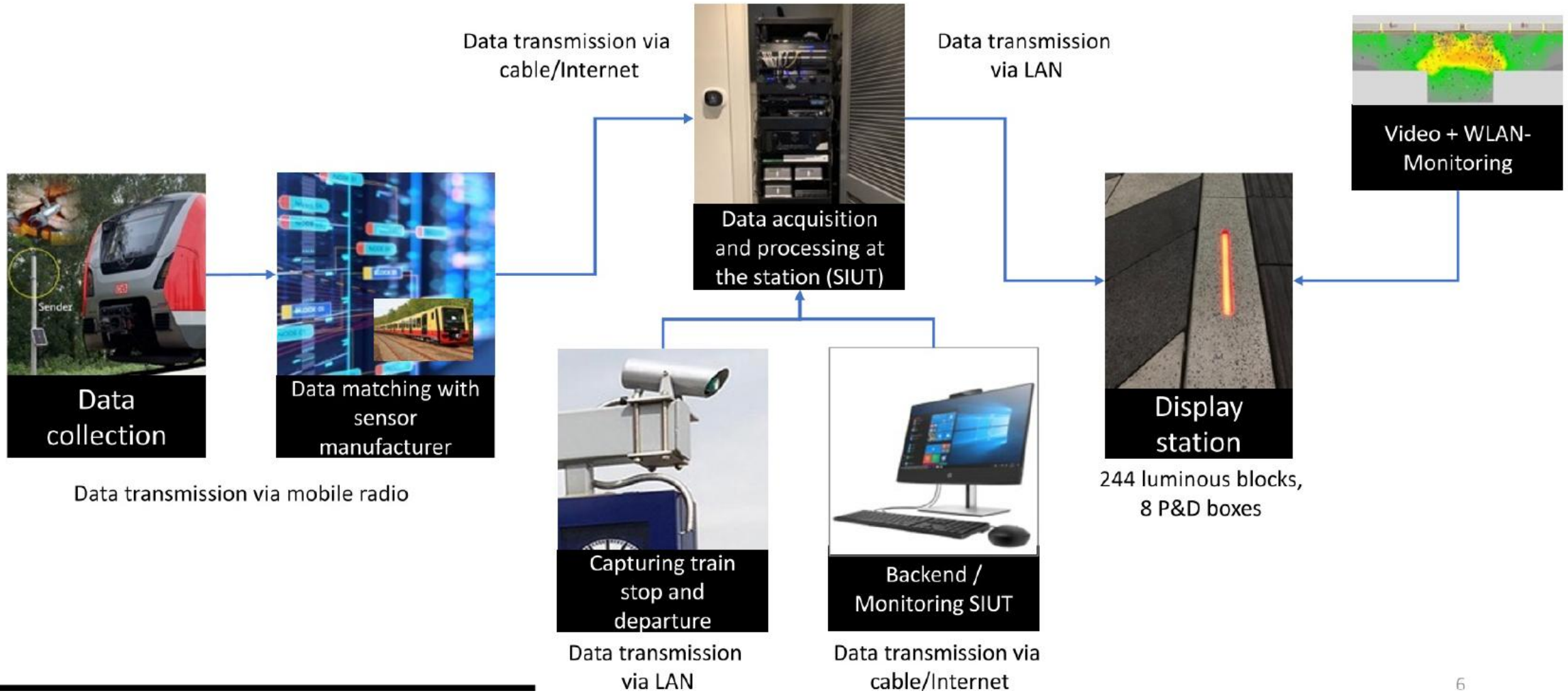


### 1. Berlin-Südkreuz ✓



### 2. Leipzig Hbf. (tief) →







### Planning and certification

- Further development with experts
- Construction and electrical planning
- Display concept
- Operating concept
- IT concept
- Monitoring concept
- Customer information concept
- Risk management procedure (CSM)
- Certification/ user approval



### Operational testing and monitoring

Zero measurements and control measurements

- Traveler distribution via heatmaps (video)
- Traveler distribution via WLAN (RECAP)
- Data analysis (hold time, SQF)
- Customer observations
- Customer surveys (ZI)

current

### Results Report

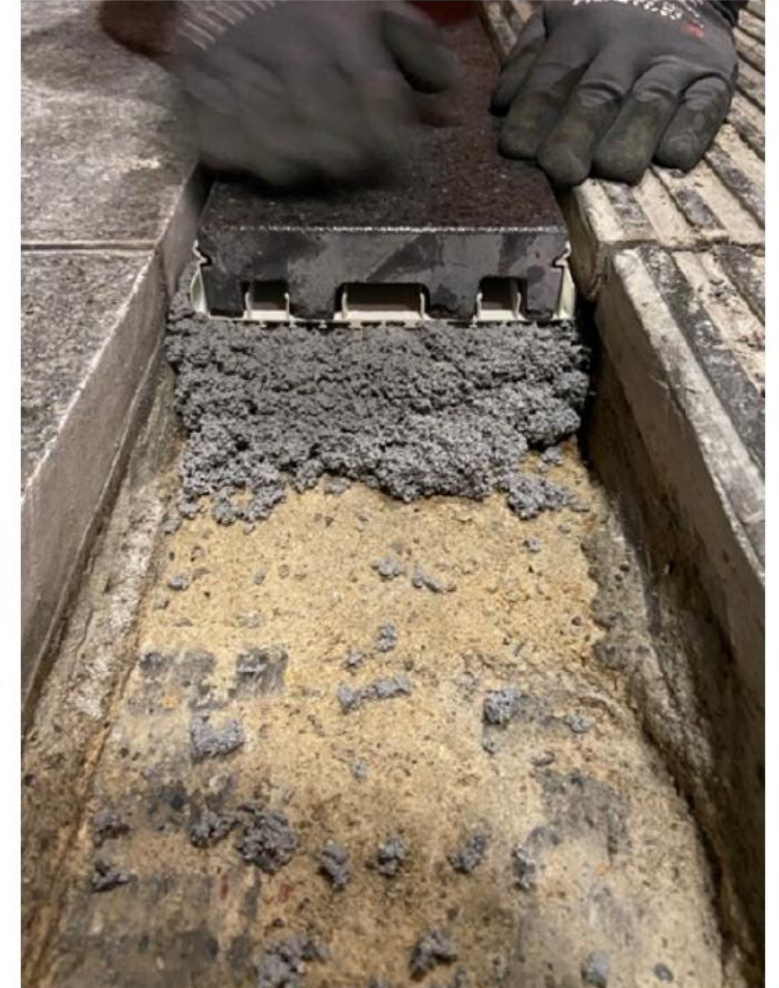
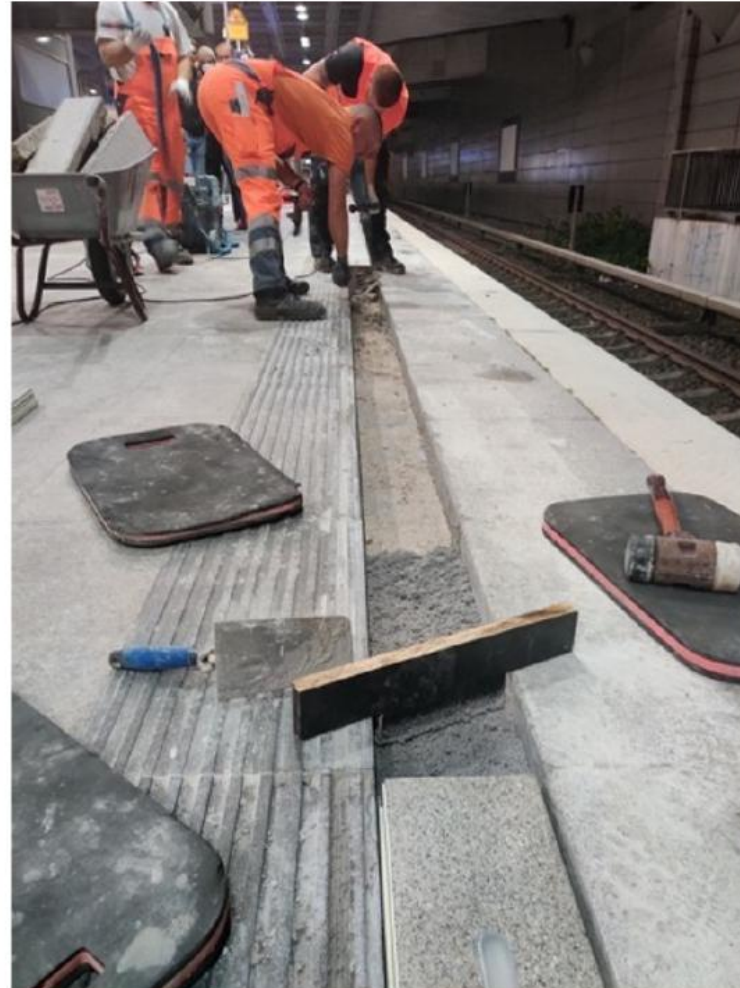
1. **Product Certification**
2. **Structural Integration**
3. **Risk Management (CSM)**
4. **Operability (operation and maintenance)**
5. **Increasing the passenger attention on the platform (e.g. 50% “step back”)**
6. **better distribution along the platform (e.g. 25% “following”)**
7. **Customer satisfaction on a top level**

### Challenges:

- IT-configuration and data availability
- Supervisory authority regarding risk management (CSM)

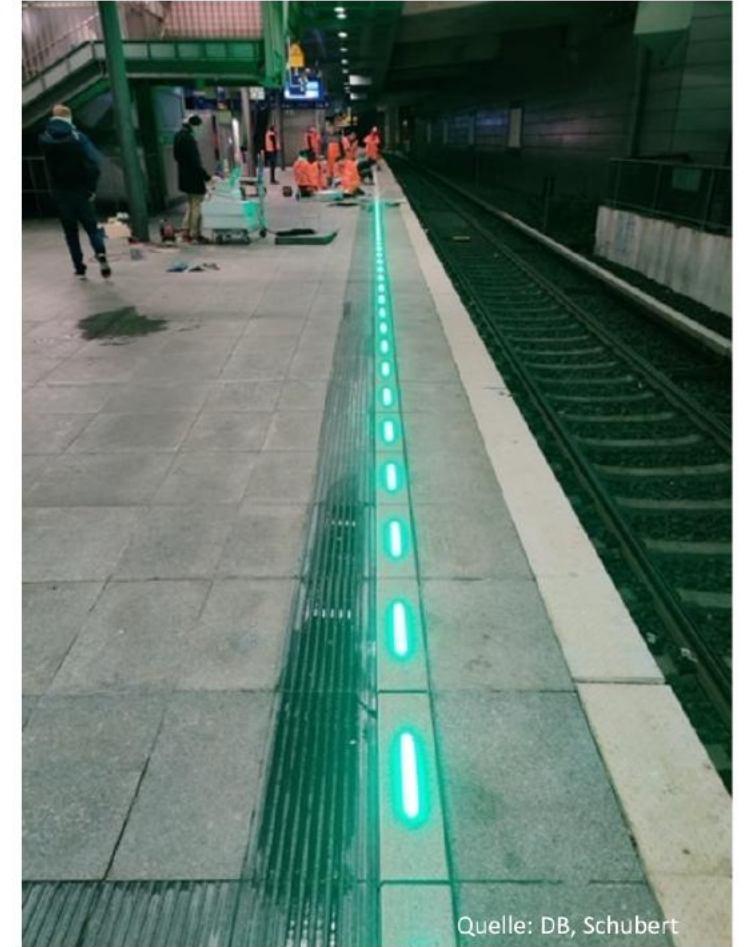
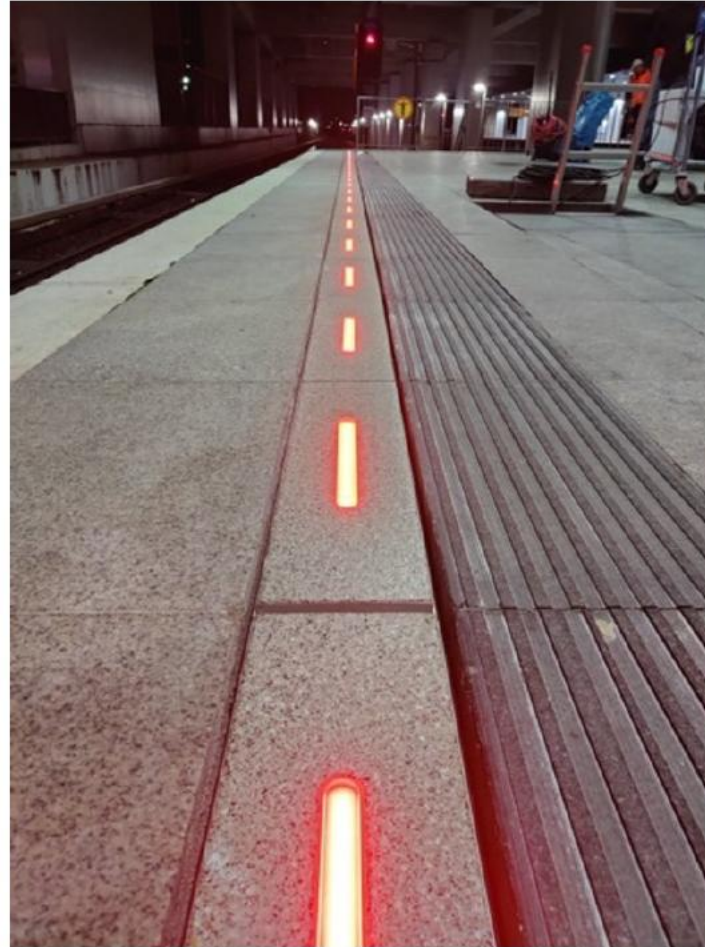
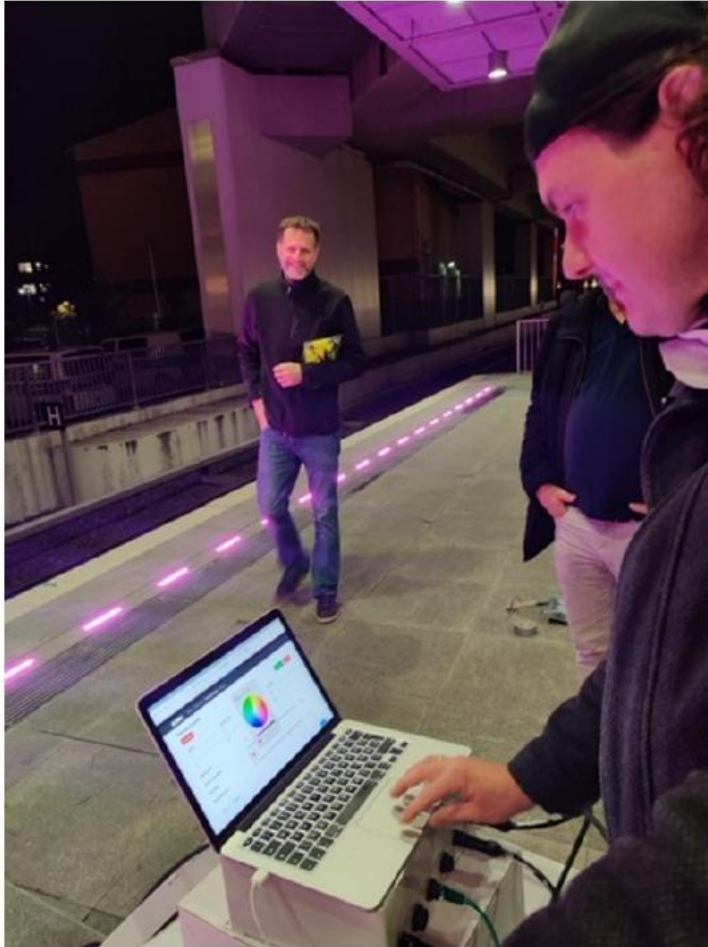
# WP23 Demo – Illuminated Platform Edge

## Pictures: Construction Site



# WP23 Demo – Illuminated Platform Edge

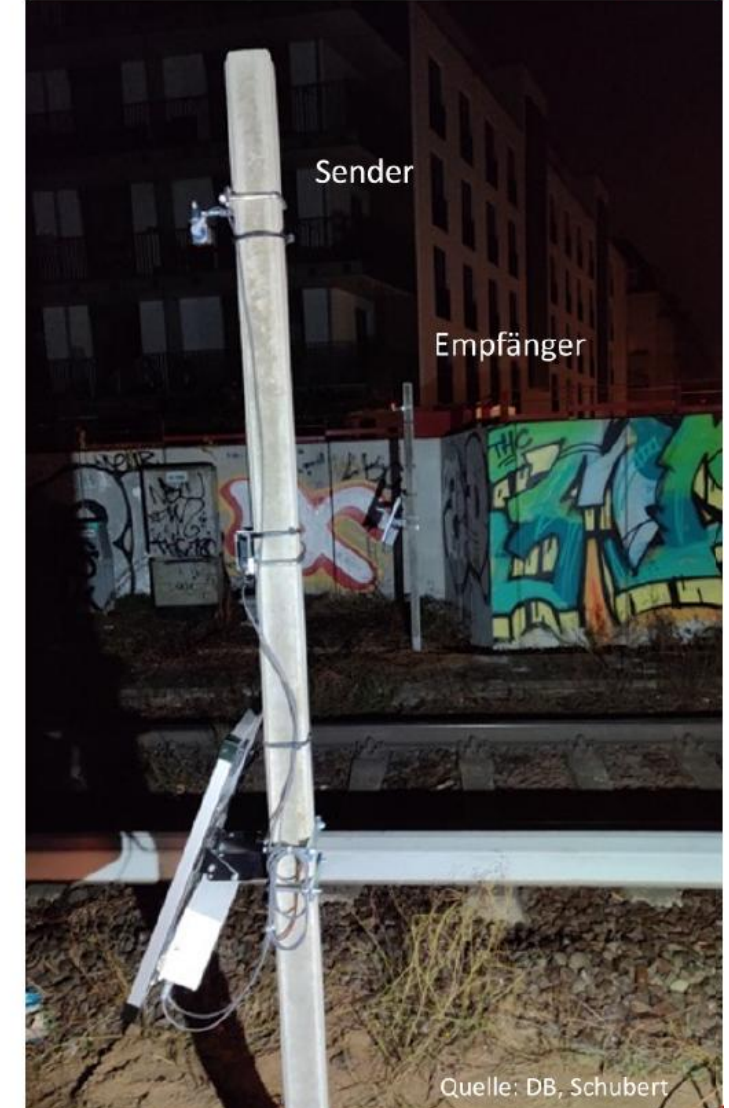
## Pictures: Operation Tests



Quelle: DB, Schubert

# WP23 Demo – Illuminated Platform Edge

## Pictures: Sensor Installation



# WP23 Demo – Illuminated Platform Edge

## Pictures: Illuminated Platform Edge



Flagship Area 1:

Network management planning and control & Mobility Management in  
a multimodal environment



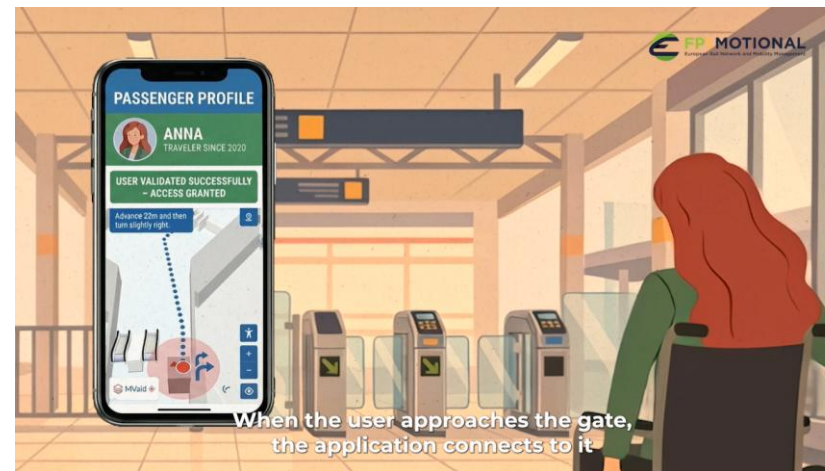
**FP1 Event 2 - Seamless, inclusive mobility & predictive services**

**Demo 23.3 Hands-Free Seamless Travelling**

**Demo 21.5 Financial platform for multimodal mobility integration – Pay-as-you-go settlements**

Nihad BAHRI (Hitachi GTSD-RCS)

## Demo 23.3 Hands-Free Seamless Travelling



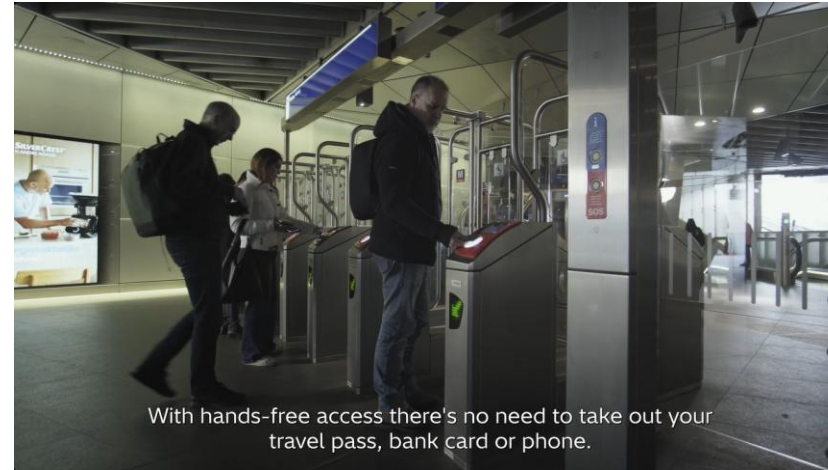
Hands-free interaction solution designed to support in-station assistance for passengers with disabilities. The scenario enables automatic detection of the passenger's arrival, combined with real-time notification to station staff, ensuring timely and efficient support.

**Anna**, a passenger with reduced mobility, faces barriers when navigating stations and accessing gates. Travelling well means autonomy and zero barriers.

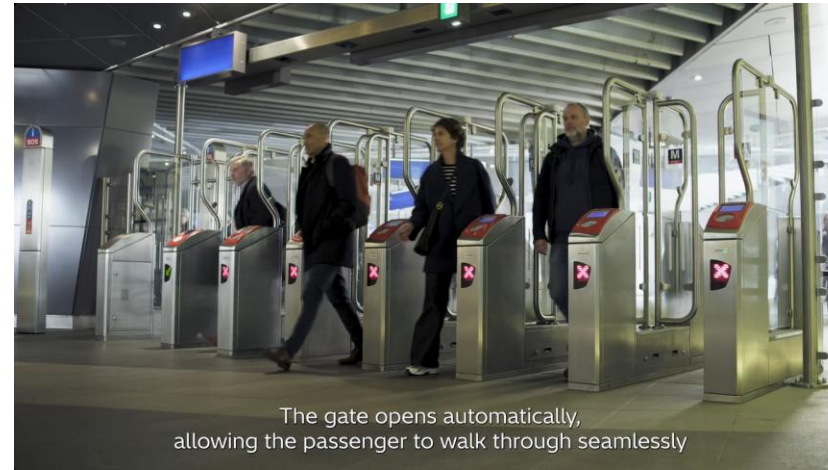
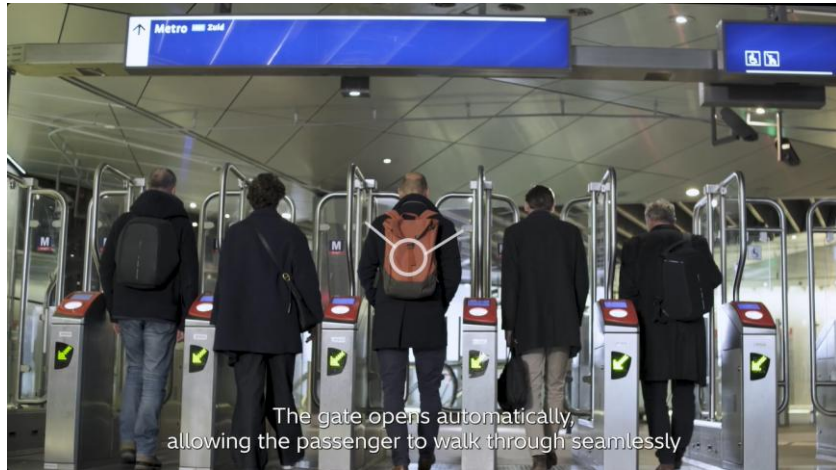


Seamless and contactless access, where passengers can pass through turnstiles without having to take out their device. This improves the fluidity of passenger flows, particularly in high-traffic areas.

### How can we help Anna?



Every day, millions of passengers pass through metro gates. Our goal is to remove a friction point in the passenger journey. Even with modern ticketing, the gate is still a place where travelers have to slow down and present something.



The implemented solution is really accurate and fast. Passengers with a registered UWB tag can check-in and check-out completely hands-free. With hands-free access, there's no need to take out their travel pass, bank card, or phone. As you approach, the gate opens automatically—making access faster, smoother, and effortless.

The demonstration confirms that UWB can effectively enable hands-free access in a real operational environment. Hitachi continues to collaborate with key stakeholders, such as the FiRa UWB Consortium and smartphone manufacturers, to ensure broad compatibility and further develop a ready-to-use mobile-based solution.

[Hitachi Hands-Free Seamless Traveling Demo](#)

## Enhancing Anna's Journey – Pain Points Addressed

### Anna's Pain Points

- Limited availability of in-station assistance for passengers with disabilities
- Stressful and complex ticket validation processes impacting the travel experience



### What We Solved

- Seamless, automated in-station assistance tailored to Anna's specific needs as a passenger with disabilities
- Ticketless and frictionless access, enabling a smooth journey without any physical validation actions



## Demo 21.5 Financial platform for multimodal mobility integration – Pay-as-you-go settlements



**Luca** — a railway manager working for a transport service provider operating a segment of Anna’s multimodal, multi-operator journey — focuses on the financial side of the trip. His objective is to ensure that the revenues generated from the segments operated by his company have been correctly apportioned and settled, in full compliance with the agreed rules between all participating transport service providers.

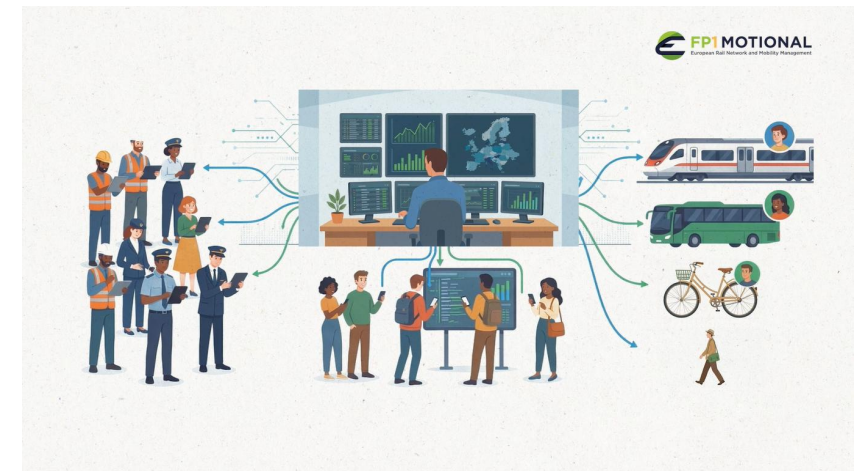
## How can we help Luca?



The solution demonstrates both on-sale (prepaid) and pay-as-you-go apportionment, including revenue distribution based on actual usage. It also provides a secure and auditable trail of financial transactions, to ensure transparency, trust, and full traceability.



Ultimately, Luca can verify that each operator receives its fair share of the revenue, and that the entire process — from ticket purchase to final settlement — is accurate, automated, and fully compliant across the multimodal ecosystem.



## Sales & Distribution, Rail as the Backbone of Multimodality

Evolution of Models & Offers

Need for a Trusted and Secure Revenue Repartition

Growing Number of Business Actors



Multiple Offers & Packages



Various Payment Solutions



Manage Financial Flows Smoothly & Efficiently



Deliver Fast Revenue Settlement



Secure and Audit Flows



Foster Green Efficiency



Combine Private and Public



Provide Configuration Flexibility



Integrated Revenue Management is a Key B2B Service for the Evolution of Mobility

## Goal & Definitions

### Revenue Repartition, a B2B Service for Multimodality

- Referring to sales and distribution in land passenger transport industry (Rail, Urban...), there are several solutions and standards **allowing to manage global and cross selling**.
- However, there are **no or limited cross-accounting solutions** allowing to redistribute the revenue collected at retail channels.
- The general objective is to **make the market smoother and more efficient by centralizing financial flows** and hence preventing participants from making transfers to each party with which they have transacted.

#### Clearing and Settlement



*General process by which an organization acts as intermediary body between trading parties, apportions the revenues when applicable and settles accounts. This intermediary body is usually called 'Clearing House' 'Clearing Houses' are commonly used in Stock Market and to promote national and international trade. Even if this is at a smaller scale than trading "Clearing Houses", mobility may require clearing and settlement functionalities to apportion and settle the revenue between participants*

#### Apportionment



*Apportionment is the business logic for re-distributing revenue. There can be many rules such as the distribution of the price of an inter-modal product based on agreed percentages (e.g. bus-train pass apportioned at 40% to bus operator and 60% for train operator), dynamic distribution based on the use of the service (i.e. apportionment at the expiration of the product), post-payment apportionment based on distance. Also, there can be fees charged on the paid amounts to reward Retailers.*

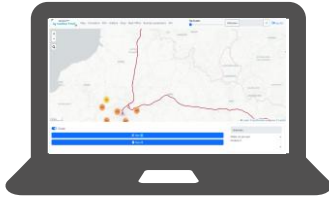
#### Settlement



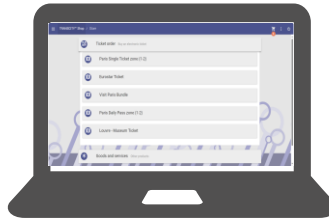
*Settlement is the transfer of funds between creditor and debtor entities. The frequency of the process is usually adjusted according to the business needs. Frequency should not be too low as to remain fair to all participant cash flow positions but shall not be too high to minimize the administrative work.*

## Demonstration Platform

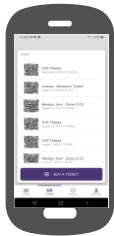
Multimodal  
Travel  
Simulator



Web Shop



App



### Cloud Platform



TRANSCITY  
my seamless travel

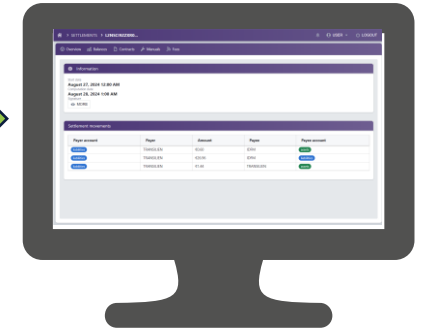
Welcome ! Please [Log in](#)

### Financial Platform for Mobility Integration



European Rail Network and Mobility Management

- Transaction Processing
- Revenue Management



Operation Portal



Distributed Ledger

## Demonstration Use Cases

### Mobility Offer Retail



**Purchase of a Multi Service Combo:**

**Apportionment and settlement of the revenue collected by the retailer to the Service Providers.**

### Multimodal Pay-As-You-Go



**Pay-As-You-Go Mobility Revenue Apportionment with the following journey experience:**

**Travel transactions collected by the Mobility Account Provider that then apportions and settles the revenue.**

Apportionment context	Apportionment name	Validity end date	Product price
Product	O/D Thalys	August 12, 2024 11:59 PM	€132.00

Rules						
Rule "Commission for retailer and product owner"						
Payer account	Payer	Payer role	Amount	Payee role	Payee	Payee account
liabilities	SELECTOUR	Product retailer	€122.76	Mobility Service Provider	Thalys	liabilities
liabilities	SELECTOUR	Product retailer	€6.60	Product retailer	SELECTOUR	assets
liabilities	SELECTOUR	Product retailer	€2.64	Product owner	Thalys	assets

Liabilities after rule	
Thalys	€122.76

Following the check-out, sales transactions are processed, and the collected amount is apportioned to service providers

Apportionment context	Apportionment name	Validity end date	Product price
Product	Navigo Jour - Zone (1-2)	August 12, 2024 11:59 PM	€8.65

Rules						
Rule "Commission for retailer and product owner"						
Payer account	Payer	Payer role	Amount	Payee role	Payee	Payee account
liabilities	SELECTOUR	Product retailer	€0.43	Product retailer	SELECTOUR	assets
liabilities	SELECTOUR	Product retailer	€0.18	Product owner	IDFM	assets
liabilities	SELECTOUR	Product retailer	€8.04	Mobility Service Provider	IDFM	liabilities

Liabilities after rule	
IDFM	€8.04

Apportionment context	Apportionment name	Validity end date	Product price
Product	Louvre - Museum Ticket	August 13, 2024 9:53 AM	€22.00

Rules						
Rule "Special le Louvre - Commission for retailer and product owner"						
Payer account	Payer	Payer role	Amount	Payee role	Payee	Payee account
liabilities	SELECTOUR	Product retailer	€1.10	Product retailer	SELECTOUR	assets
liabilities	SELECTOUR	Product retailer	€20.90	Product owner	LE LOUVRE	assets

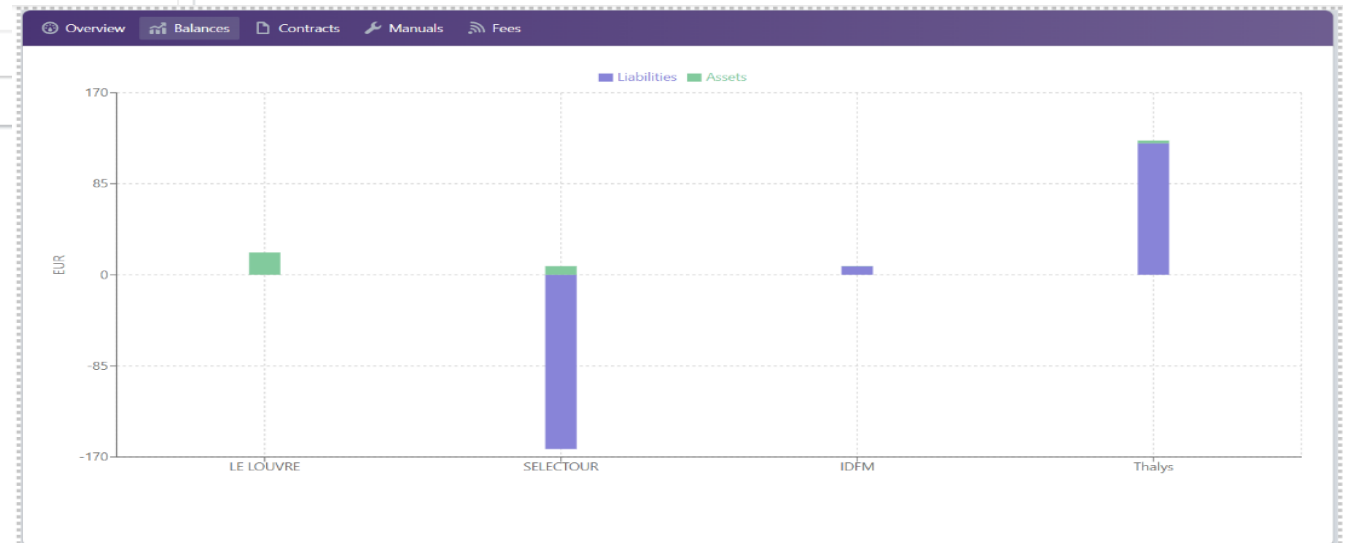
## Typical Use Case – Mobility Offer Retail

Apportionment rules are configurable. In this use case, there is a fee attributable to the Retailer.

Then, and typically at the end of the settlement period, there is a settlement between participants resulting in fund transfers.

### Settlement movements

Payer account	Payer	Amount	Payee	Payee account
liabilities	SELECTOUR	€20.90	LE LOUVRE	assets
liabilities	SELECTOUR	€8.13	SELECTOUR	assets
liabilities	SELECTOUR	€0.18	IDFM	assets
liabilities	SELECTOUR	€8.04	IDFM	liabilities
liabilities	SELECTOUR	€2.64	Thalys	assets
liabilities	SELECTOUR	€122.76	Thalys	liabilities



## Enhancing Luca's Experience – Pain Points Addressed

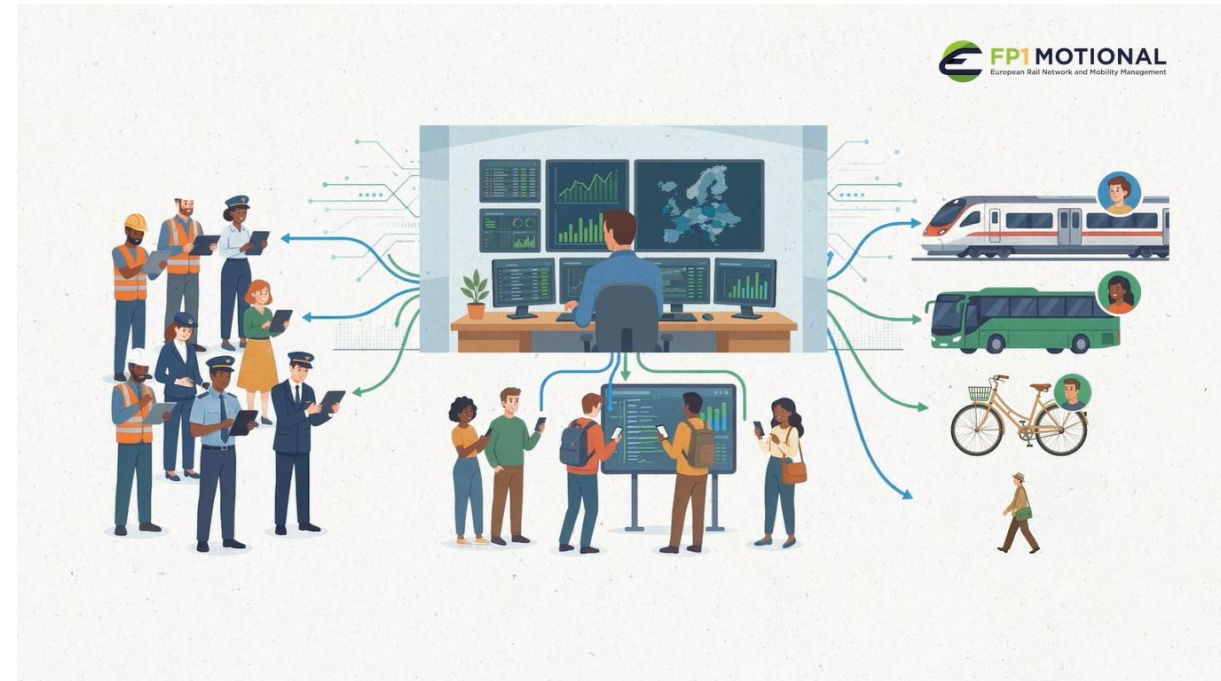
### Luca's Pain Points

- Limited visibility on how revenues are shared across multiple operators
- Manual, slow, and error-prone reconciliation processes
- Delayed settlements impacting cash flow and financial control



### What We Solved

- End-to-end automation of revenue apportionment and settlement across all operators
- Real-time visibility and full traceability of financial flows
- Faster, reliable settlements improving cash flow and operational efficiency





Flagship Area 1:

Network management planning and control & Mobility Management in  
a multimodal environment



**FP1 Event 2 - Seamless, inclusive mobility & predictive services**

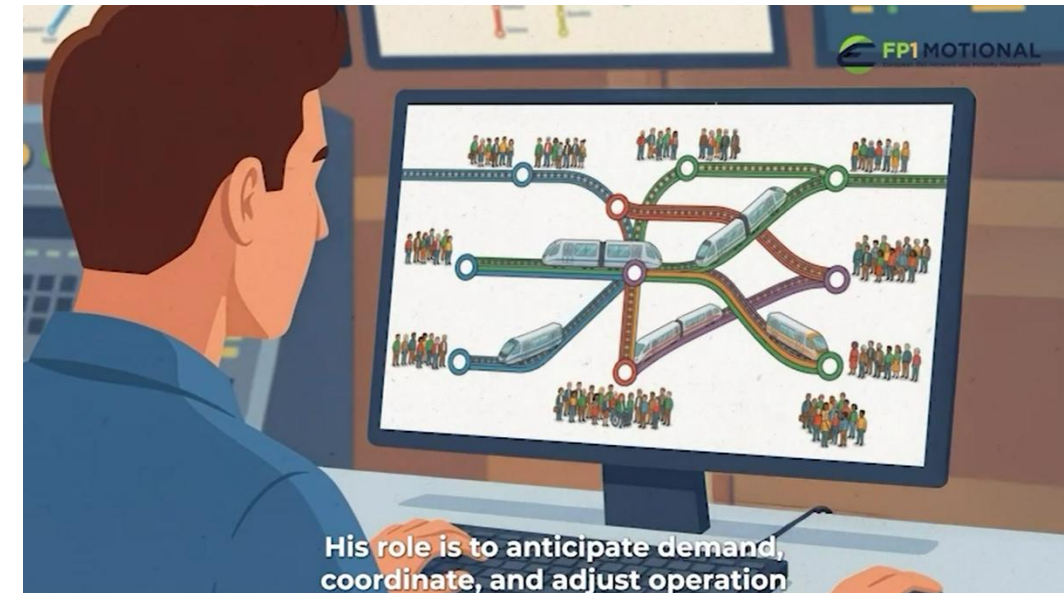
**Demo 25.5: Digital twin with integrated demand forecasting**

***Improving Transport Service Alignment Using Short- and Long-Term Demand Forecasting***

Nicolas GERMAIN (Hitachi Rail GTSD-GTS)

# Managing a Railway Network Under Constant Uncertainty

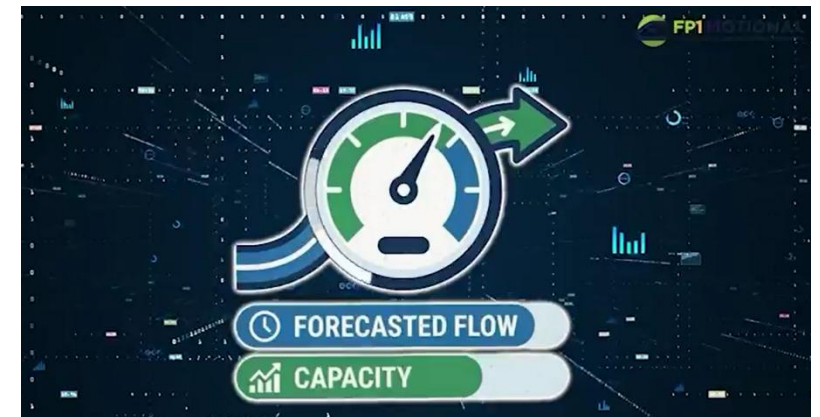
- Passenger demand is hard to anticipate (short & long term)
- Fragmented visibility between supply and demand
- Incident management is mostly reactive
- Critical decisions made with limited passenger insight



Lucas: Railway Manager

# What Lucas Expects from Decision Support Tools

- Anticipate future passenger demand
- Understand mitigation strategies passenger flows in real time
- Test without operational risk
- Improve network resilience



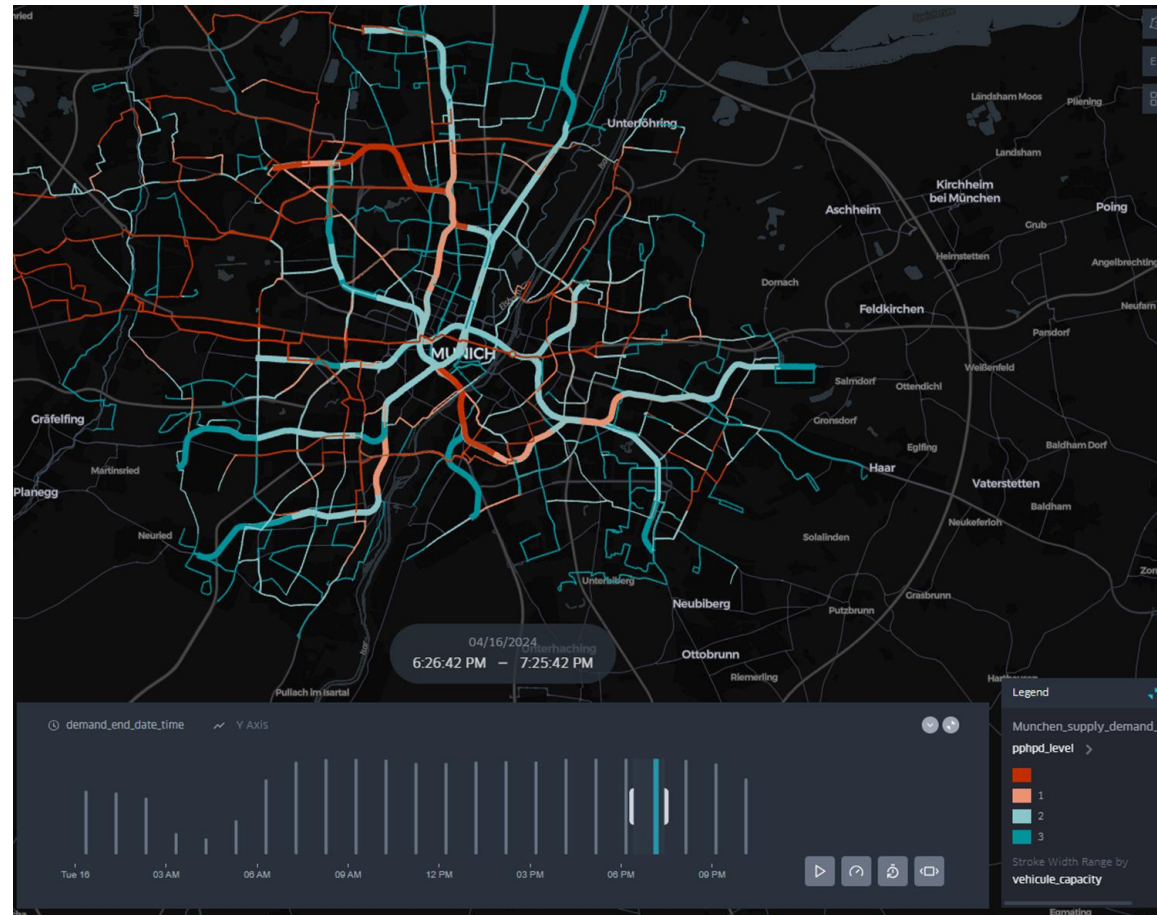
# A Passenger Centric Multimodal Digital Twin

- Integration of short & long-term demand forecasts
- Multimodal digital twin (macro + micro)
- Tight coupling between timetable and passenger flows
- Passenger behaviour models
- Sandbox for scenario testing



# Citywide Multimodal Public Transport Supply–Demand Alignment

Macro simulation: city-scale view of supply vs demand

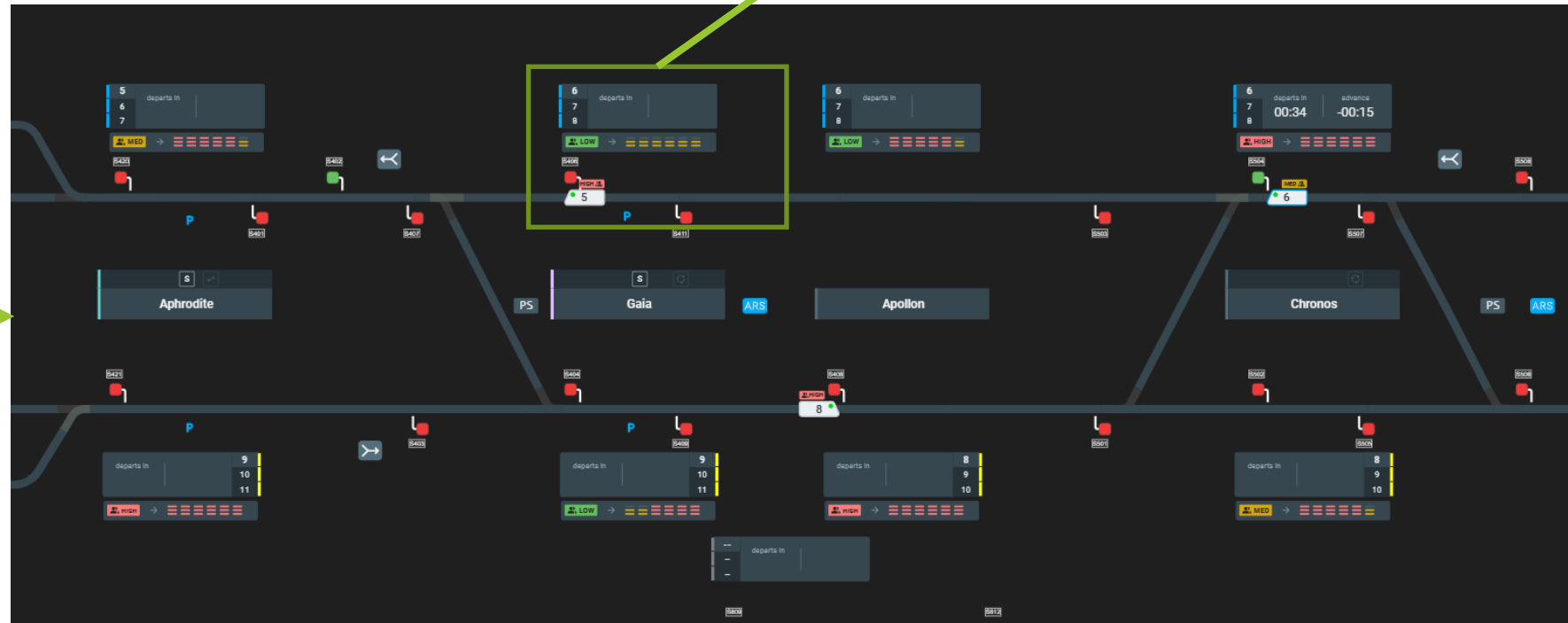
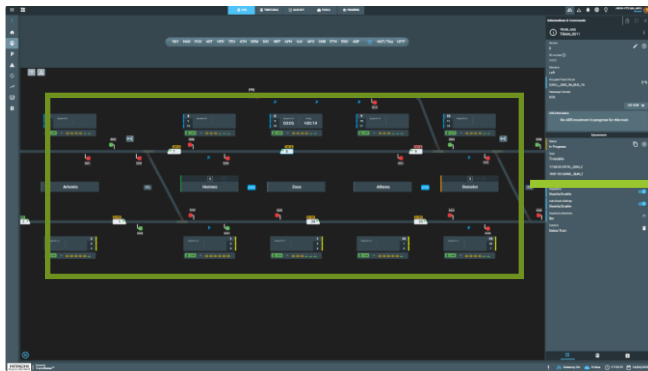
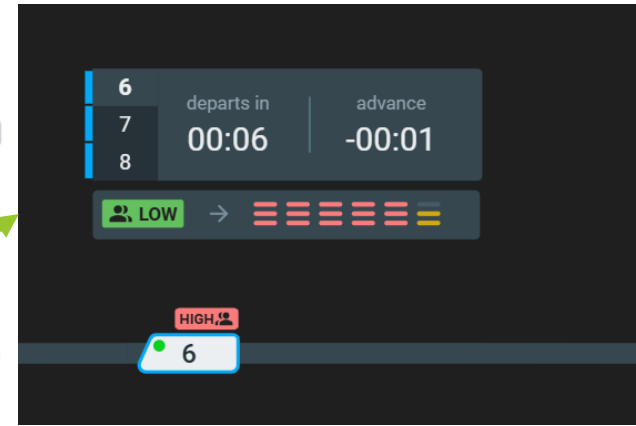


# Metro Line Synoptic Showing Passenger Density

Micro simulation: metro line view with platforms and trains

Platform

Train



# Timetable Experimentation Sandbox

Micro simulation: Immediate visualisation of the impact of decisions



# Validated Through a Realistic Simulated Operational Environment

- Demonstration conducted in a **simulated OCC environment**
- Representative operational scenarios (planning & incident management)
- Overall positive feedback on usefulness and clarity
- Identified improvement areas: ergonomics, comparisons, KPIs
- **Technology validated at TRL 5**



# Business Impact and Added Value

- Better resource allocation
- Anticipation of disruptions and demand peaks
- Faster, more reliable decision-making
- Improved passenger service quality





Flagship Area 1:

Network management planning and control & Mobility Management in  
a multimodal environment

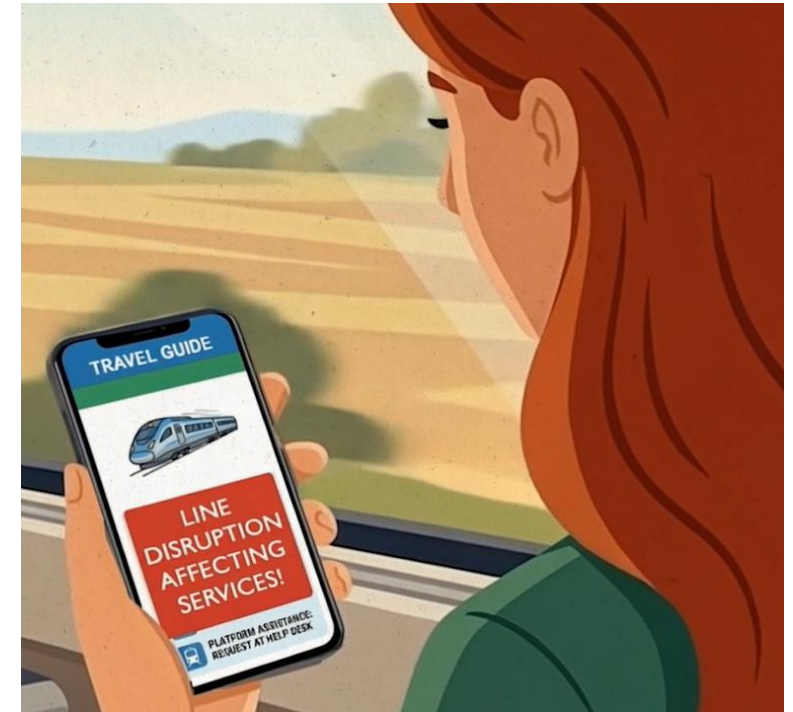


**STS WP21-25 DISSEMINATION EVENT**

2026-05-07

## For Anna, the disruption means uncertainty, stress, and loss of control over her journey

- Anna receives a disruption notification but **does not know what will happen next**
- She is unsure how she will reach her final destination
- Alternative options (bus, taxi, re-routing) are unclear or uncertain
- She worries about long delays, overcrowding, or **missed connections**
- Information may arrive too late, inconsistently, or without clear guidance



## Behind the scenes, Luca must quickly decide how to bring Anna to her destination

- Luca must act immediately, under strong time pressure
- He has limited visibility on all possible mitigation options
- Comparing alternatives (bus, taxi, rerouting) is manual and complex
- Decisions are constrained by available vehicles, depots, and timing
- Choosing a sub-optimal solution risks:
  - longer delays for Anna
  - overcrowded services
  - inefficient use of resources

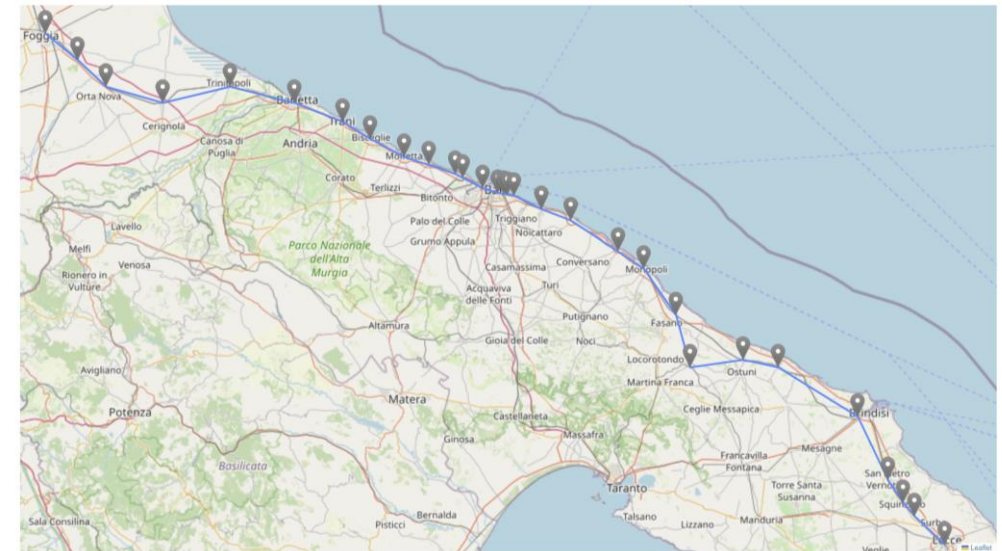


# Unconstrained Disruption Management

## In an 'Ideal World': How would Anna reach her destination during a disruption?

- Defines the theoretical **optimal response** to a rail disruption
- Removes operational constraints (e.g. fleet availability, depot limits)
- Assumes **infinite resources** to focus purely on optimization performance
- Compares and ranks mitigation strategies using **performance KPIs** only
- Helps operators understand the **best achievable outcome**
- **Provides a baseline** reference to assess and improve real, resource-constrained solutions

Choose a station from the graph for the disruption simulation:



Index_sol	Avg Service Time(min)	Max Service Time(min)	Bus Number	Occupancy Rate	Solution Cost(€)
0	110	244	3	0.77	2100
1	107	229	4	0.75	2350
2	103	196	4	0.76	2500
3	91	130	5	0.89	2600

EXPLORE SOLUTIONS

\*Choose up to 3 optimized solutions and then press the button to explore them. In case of more than 3 rows selected, only the last 3 selections will be considered

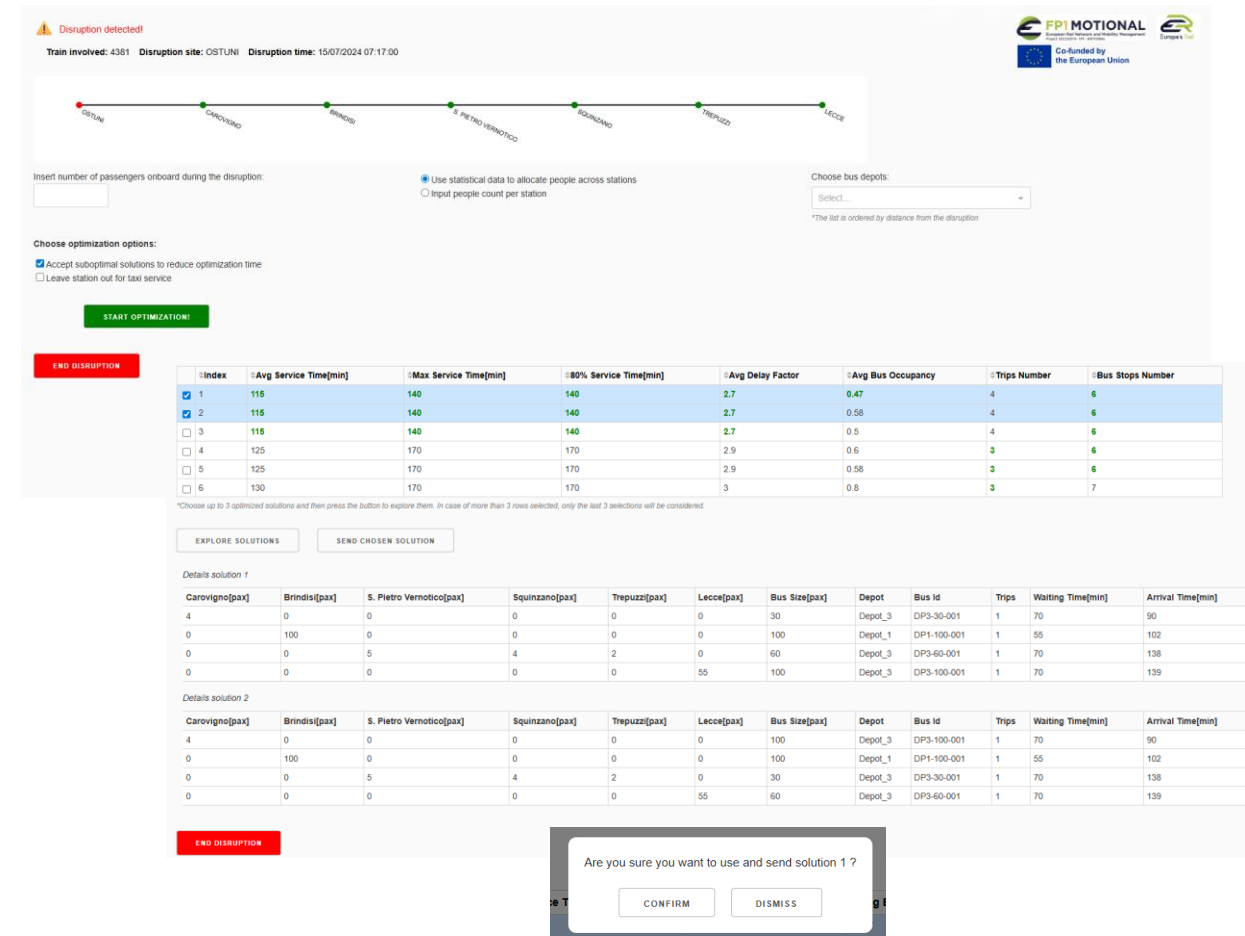
\*Data in radar plot have been normalized between 0-1 on each KPI to confront KPIs with different scales. 1-0 in the following tables represents where each bus stops or not. To compute time KPIs a descent time has been added to travel time, proportional to number of passengers and bus stops.



# Real-Time Disruption Management

## When Disruption Happens: How does Luca support Anna's journey

- Supports Luca during **live disruption** events
- Considers real **operational constraints** (limited vehicles, depots, travel times, capacities)
- Optimizes feasible, executable mitigation plans, **including multi-trip solutions**
- **Uses real-time data** to generate and update strategies
- **Ranks solutions** based on operational KPIs
- Enables fast, **realistic decision-making** during disruptions
- Ensures strategies are directly applicable to real railway operations



**Disruption detected**  
Train involved: 4381 Disruption site: OSTUNI Disruption time: 15/07/2024 07:17:00

OSTUNI - CAROVIGNO - BRINDISI - S. PIETRO VERNOTICO - SQUINZANO - TREPUIZZI - LECCE

Insert number of passengers onboard during the disruption:

Use statistical data to allocate people across stations  
 Input people count per station

Choose bus depots:

\*The list is ordered by distance from the disruption

Choose optimization options:  
 Accept suboptimal solutions to reduce optimization time  
 Leave station out for taxi service

**START OPTIMIZATION!**

**END DISRUPTION**

Index	Avg Service Time[min]	Max Service Time[min]	80% Service Time[min]	Avg Delay Factor	Avg Bus Occupancy	Trips Number	Bus Stops Number
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1	115	140	140	2.7	0.47	4	6
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 2	115	140	140	2.7	0.58	4	6
<input type="checkbox"/> 3	115	140	140	2.7	0.5	4	6
<input type="checkbox"/> 4	125	170	170	2.9	0.6	3	6
<input type="checkbox"/> 5	125	170	170	2.9	0.58	3	6
<input type="checkbox"/> 6	130	170	170	3	0.8	3	7

\*Choose up to 3 optimized solutions and then press the button to explore them. In case of more than 3 rows selected, only the last 3 selectors will be considered

**EXPLORE SOLUTIONS** **SEND CHOSEN SOLUTION**

Details solution 1

Carovigno[pax]	Brindisi[pax]	S. Pietro Vernotico[pax]	Squinzano[pax]	Trepuzzi[pax]	Lecce[pax]	Bus Size[pax]	Depot	Bus id	Trips	Waiting Time[min]	Arrival Time[min]
4	0	0	0	0	0	30	Depot_3	DP3-30-001	1	70	90
0	100	0	0	0	0	100	Depot_1	DP1-100-001	1	55	102
0	0	5	4	2	0	60	Depot_3	DP3-60-001	1	70	138
0	0	0	0	0	55	100	Depot_3	DP3-100-001	1	70	139

Details solution 2

Carovigno[pax]	Brindisi[pax]	S. Pietro Vernotico[pax]	Squinzano[pax]	Trepuzzi[pax]	Lecce[pax]	Bus Size[pax]	Depot	Bus id	Trips	Waiting Time[min]	Arrival Time[min]
4	0	0	0	0	0	100	Depot_3	DP3-100-001	1	70	90
0	100	0	0	0	0	100	Depot_1	DP1-100-001	1	55	102
0	0	5	4	2	0	30	Depot_3	DP3-30-001	1	70	138
0	0	0	0	0	55	60	Depot_3	DP3-60-001	1	70	139

**END DISRUPTION**

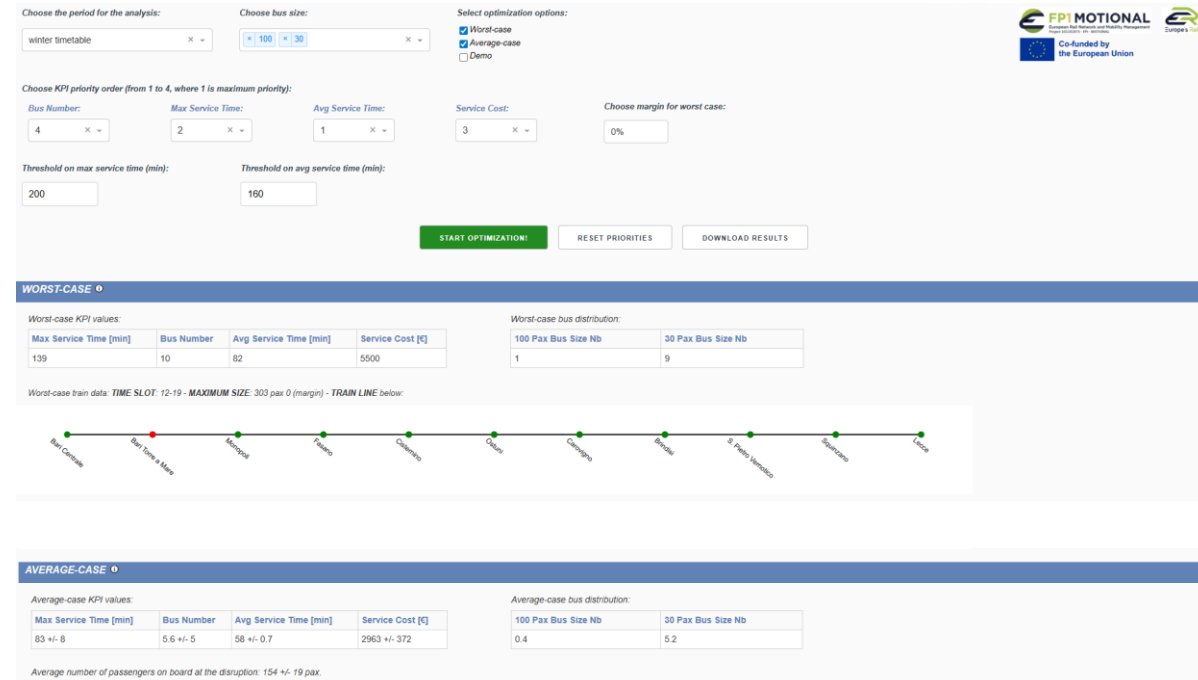
Are you sure you want to use and send solution 1 ?

**CONFIRM** **DISMISS**

# Disruption Scenario Analysis

## Preparing for Disruption: How does Luca ensure Anna reaches her destination

- Supports **proactive and strategic** disruption planning
- **Simulates disruption** scenarios before they occur
- **Analyzes average and worst-case scenarios**
- Estimates the number and type of **vehicles required**
- Helps **prevent service breakdowns** during real disruptions
- Enables data-driven fleet sizing and **budget planning**
- **Improves overall preparation** for future disruptions



**Worst-case KPI values:**

Max Service Time [min]	Bus Number	Avg Service Time [min]	Service Cost [€]
139	10	82	5500

**Worst-case bus distribution:**

100 Pax Bus Size Nb	30 Pax Bus Size Nb
1	9

**Average-case KPI values:**

Max Service Time [min]	Bus Number	Avg Service Time [min]	Service Cost [€]
83 +/- 8	5.6 +/- 5	58 +/- 0.7	2963 +/- 372

**Average-case bus distribution:**

100 Pax Bus Size Nb	30 Pax Bus Size Nb
0.4	5.2

Average number of passengers on board at the disruption: 154 +/- 19 pax.

## Anna continues her trip to Bologna with clarity, and confidence

- Luca immediately sees the best possible mitigation strategies
- Optimal solutions are evaluated and ranked using KPIs
- Decisions respect real operational constraints
- Anna receives clear guidance on how to continue her journey
- An alternative is executed smoothly



*happily  
ever  
after*

# Unconstrained Disruption Management

360Motion

HITACHI  
Inspire the Next  
MOTIONAL

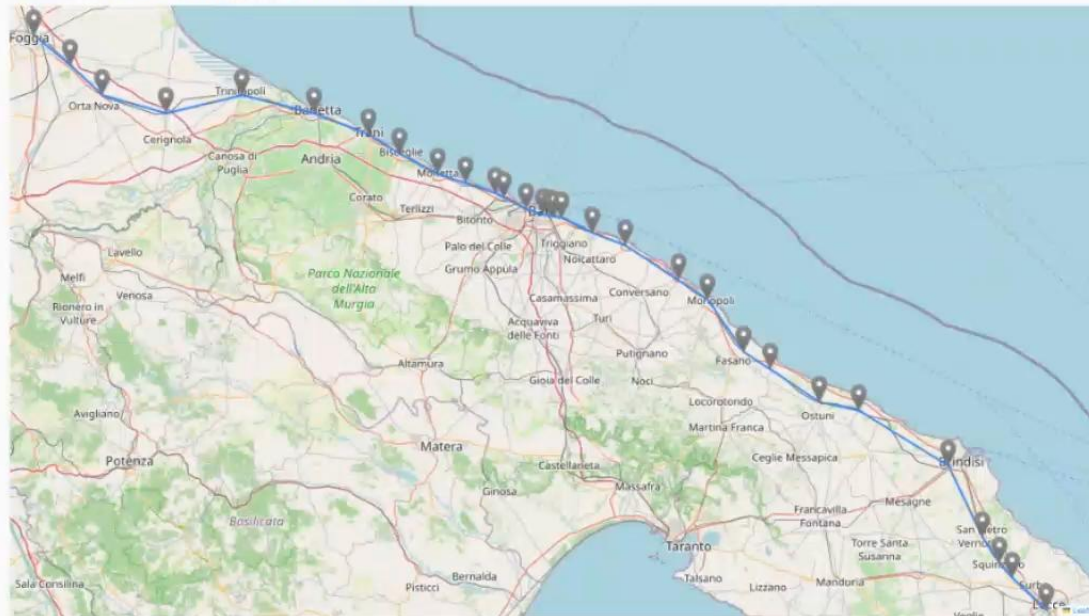


Choose train number:

Insert number of passengers onboard during the disruption:



Choose a station from the graph for the disruption simulation:



Choose a source for passengers destination data:

Choose bus size:

Choose statistics safe margin's factor:





# Roundtable discussion

## Seamless & Inclusive mobility in Europe

### ONE EUROPE, ONE JOURNEY ZERO BARRIERS FOR ALL PASSENGERS

7th May 2026, 10:00 AM – 3:30 PM  
Madrid, ADIF Training Center  
Hybrid





**Nesrine Chatelkhir**  
Project Manager at CFL



**Almudena Alcaide Raya**  
Director at Fundación ONCE



**Carlos Miranda**  
Head of Operational Support  
at Metro de Madrid



# Feedback Survey

**Thank you !**

**One Europe, One Journey,**  
**Zero Barriers for All Passengers**



# Questions ?





## Founding Members

