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IRIS²

Secure Connectivity for Europe

Helmut SPITZL Space for Innovation in Rail, Madrid, 14 September 2023

IRIS² Regulation 2023/588 is in force since 20 March 2023



Signature of the Regulation by EP President and Swedish Presidency

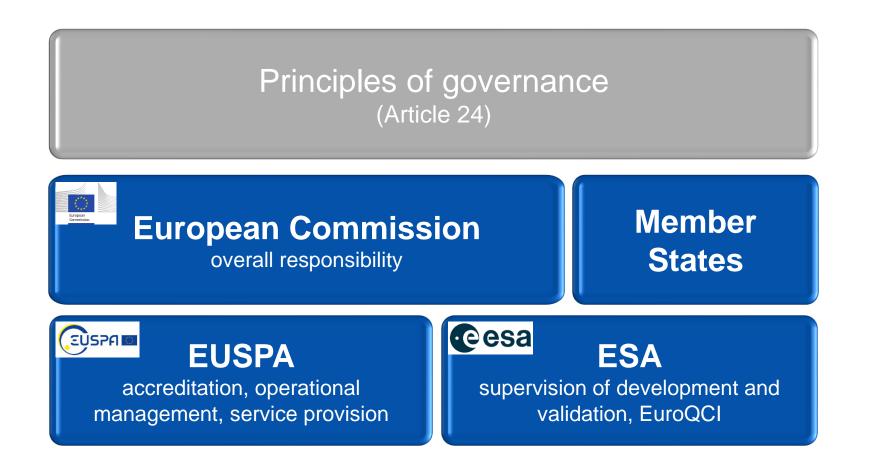


17.3.2023	EN	Official Journal of the European Union	L 79
		1	
		(Legislative acts)	
		REGULATIONS	
	REGULATION (E	EU) 2023/588 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE	COUNCIL
	establishing	of 15 March 2023 the Union Secure Connectivity Programme for the period 2023	-2027
THE	EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT A	ND THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,	
Hav	ring regard to the Treaty on	n the Functioning of the European Union, and in particular Article 189	9(2) thereof,
Hav	ring regard to the proposal	from the European Commission,	
Afi	er transmission of the draft	t legislative act to the national parliaments,	
Act	ing in accordance with the	ordinary legislative procedure (?).	
Wh	ereas:		
(1)	generation of governm Commission and the identified as one of the 2016. Governmental sa	e European Council of 19-20 December 2013 welcomed the pre ental statilite communications through close cooperation between European Space Agency (ESA, Governmental statilite communic elements of the Global Strategy for the European Union's Foreign and adlite communications are to contribute to the EU response to Hybu time Security Strategy and to the EU Arctic policy.	he Member States, the ations have also been Security Policy of June
(2)		e European Council of 21-22 March 2019 stressed that the Union ve, secure, inclusive and ethical digital economy with world-class conr	
(3)	defence and space indu	f the Commission of 22 February 2021, entitled 'Action Plan on s stries', states that it aims to 'enable access to high-speed connectivity connectivity system allowing Europe to remain connected whatever h	for everyone in Europe,
(4)	infrastructure of the U substitute or compleme	er Security and Defense' adopted by the Council on 21 March 2022 re inion and of its Member States contributes to our resilience and o ent ground infrastructures for telecommunications. It therefore calls tion space-based global secure communication system.	offers key services that
()	Position of the European Parli	iament of 14 February 2023 (not yet published in the Official Journal) and o	lecision of the Council of

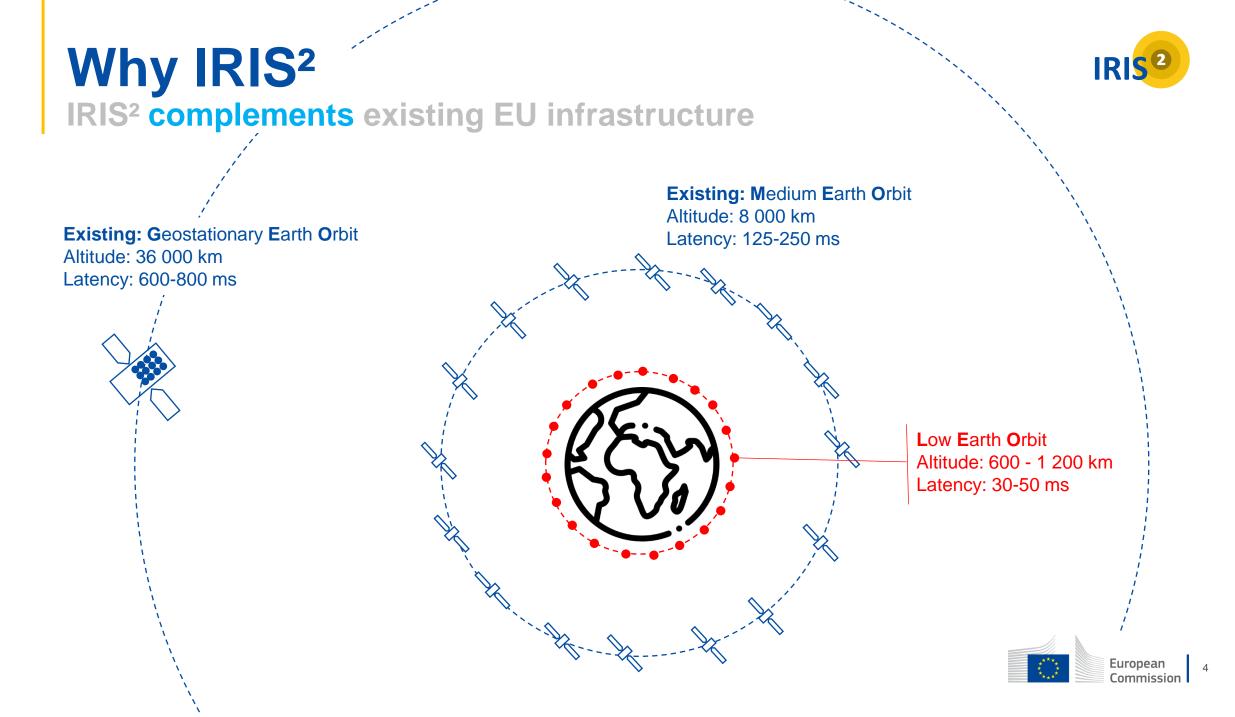


IRIS² Governance of the Programme









Why IRIS² IRIS² ensures sovereignty and security





SpaceX says Ukraine weaponized Starlink

Dw





CONNECTING KEY INFRASTRUCTURES



CRISIS MANAGEMENT AND EXTERNAL ACTIONS



SURVEILLANCE



The Krasukha-4 Jammer is one of Russia's most sophisticated electronic warfare systems. Credit: Vitaly V. Kuzmin



IRIS² Programme Objectives





Ensure secure, autonomous, high-quality, reliable & costeffective satellite governmental communication services to governmentauthorised users

Article 3



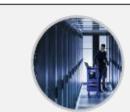
Enable commercial services, or services offered to government-authorised users based on commercial infrastructure at market conditions



IRIS² Use cases



GOVERNEMENTAL SERVICES



CONNECTING KEY INFRASTRUCTURES

- Governmental & Institutional secure communications (Embassies, EUROPOL)
- Management of Infrastructures (air, rail, road, traffic management
- Galileo (augmentation), Copernicus (data relay)
- Command and control of smart grids and M2M (energy, finance, health, data centres)



CRISIS MANAGEMENT & EXTERNAL ACTIONS

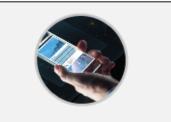
- Civil protection
- CFSP-CSDP
- Humanitarian aid
- Maritime emergencies (search and rescue)

Border and remote areas surveillance

SURVEILLANCE

- surveillanceRemote Piloted Aircraft
- systems
- Maritime surveillance
- Arctic region coverage
- Complement to military missions
- Space surveillance

COMMERCIAL SERVICES



MASS-MARKET

- Mobile Broadband
- Fixed Broadband
- B2B services
- Satellite access for transportation – for ships, airplanes, drones, connected cars.
- Cloud based services







Four governmental services will be offered

Service #1:	Service #2:	Service #3:	Service #4:
Robust Worldwide	Robust Space Data	Assured Worldwide	Assured Worldwide
Low-latency Service	Relay	Low-latency Service	Narrowband Service

The detailed service characteristics have been set out in the **Commission Implementing Decision** (EU) 2023/1053 adopted on 30 May 2023.

The mission foresees **worldwide coverage**, including **Africa** and **Arctic region**. The global coverage is aimed by **2027**.

- The above services will complement the services offered under the **GOVSATCOM** space programme component
- Through its Commercial Services, IRIS² should support EU partner countries which currently do not meet the digital targets for broadband connectivity, in particular the countries in the African continent, in the Arctic as well as in the Baltic, the Black Sea, Mediterranean regions and the Atlantic.



IRIS² Services



	Hardgov		Lightgov	
Service	Service #1 Robust Worldwide Low-latency Service	Service #2 Robust Space Data Relay	Service #3 Assured Worldwide Low-latency Service	Service #4 Assured Worldwide Narrowband Service
Frequency band	• Ka- Gov; others	Optical		
Data rate	FWD/RTN throughput per user: • Low: <1Mbps • Medium: >=1Mbps and <5Mbps • High: >=5Mbps and <50Mbps • Very High: >=50Mbps	 Depending on the connectivity scenario (combination of user and destination entities): >=1Gbps and <10Gbps >=10 Gbps 	FWD/RTN throughput per user: • Low: <1Mbps • Medium: >=1Mbps and <5Mbps • High: >=5Mbps and <50Mbps • Very High: >=50Mbps	 FWD/RTN throughput per user: 2 Kbps to 1 Mbps
Geographical coverage	• Global	• Global	• Global	• Global
Availability	• 99.5%		• 99.5%	• 98%
Latency	 Less than 40 ms (one way end-to- end) over the EU continental territory Less than 80 ms (Internet Round- Trip Time) over the EU continental territory 		 Less than 50 ms (one way end-to- end) over the EU continental territory Less than 100 ms (Internet Round- Trip Time) over the EU continental territory 	 Less than 75 ms (one way end-to- end) over the EU continental territory Less than 150 ms (Internet Round- Trip Time) over the EU continental territory
User terminal	• Fixed/On-the-move/Nomadic	 Satellites of the system implementing the Union Secure Connectivity Programme Third-party satellites Aerial platform Ground station 	• Fixed/On-the-move/Nomadic	 Internet Of Things (IOT) user equipment
Robustness and security	• Robust >50 <40 ms	• Robust	• Assured >50 , <50 ms	Assured 2-10 kbps ms

Commission Implementing

Industry-led design

European Commission





2023 2024 2025 2026 2028 2027 Programme Initial Full services services Launch **Development and validation** Deployment Exploitation **Future Generations** incremental upgrade To be provided through GOVSAT **IRIS² Main Contract** COM **EuroQCI EuroQCI** development Integration



European

Commission





20 March 2023: Regulation (EU) 2023/588 establishing the Union Secure Connectivity Programme (IRIS²)

30 May 2023: Adoption and publication in the Official Journal of the EU of three Implementing Acts

- IRIS² Service Portfolio: Commission Implementing Decision (EU) 2023/1053 on the operational requirements for governmental services provided under Union Secure Connectivity Programme and its service portfolio
 (OJ L 141, 31.5.2023, p. 44–48).
- GOVSATCOM Service Portfolio: Commission Implementing Decision (EU) 2023/1054 on the service portfolio for the Governmental Satellite Communications services (OJ L 141, 31.5.2023, p. 49–56);
- GOVSATCOM Sharing and Prioritisation: Commission Implementing Decision (EU) 2023/1055 setting out the rules on the sharing and prioritisation of satellite communication capacities, services, and user equipment

 (OJ L 141, 31.5.2023, p. 57–66);

30 May 2023: Call for tender for a concession contract for the implementation of the EU Secure Connectivity Programme entered the second procurement phase with the **Invitation to submit an Initial Proposal**.











IRIS

Thank you



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